

High resolution EEG in premature

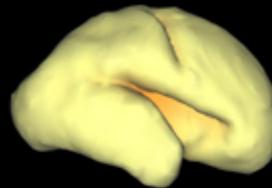
What's new

ANR Maia

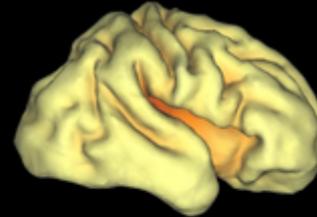
Cerebral maturation in foetus

- Cellular proliferation
- Cellular Migration
- Cellular differentiation
- Synaptic selection and reorganisation
- Gyration
- Myelinisation

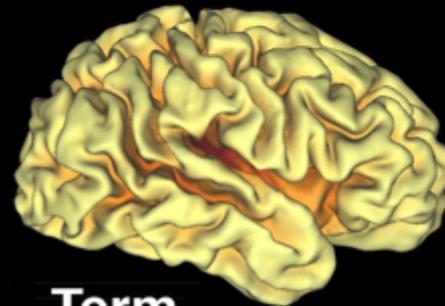
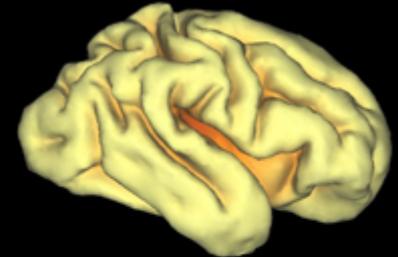
25 week



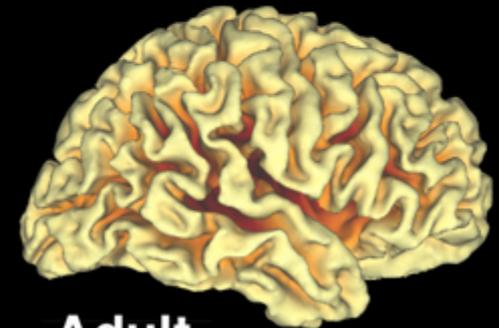
30 week



33 week



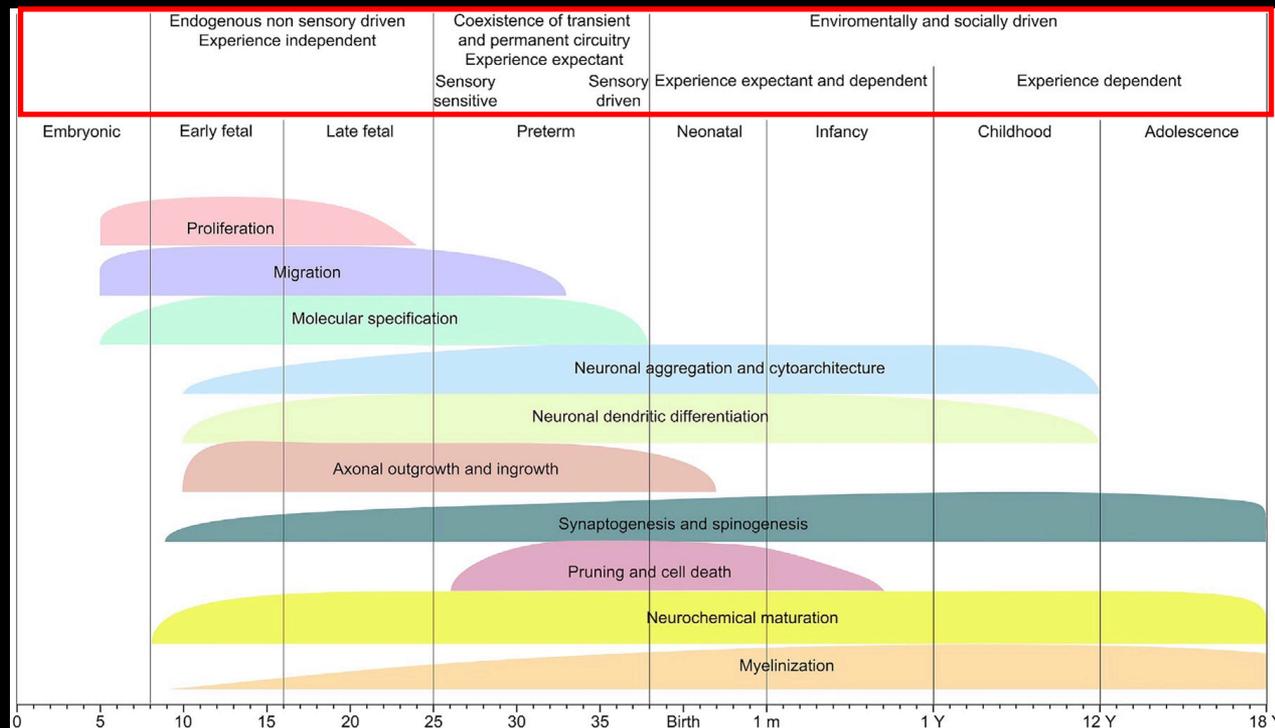
Term



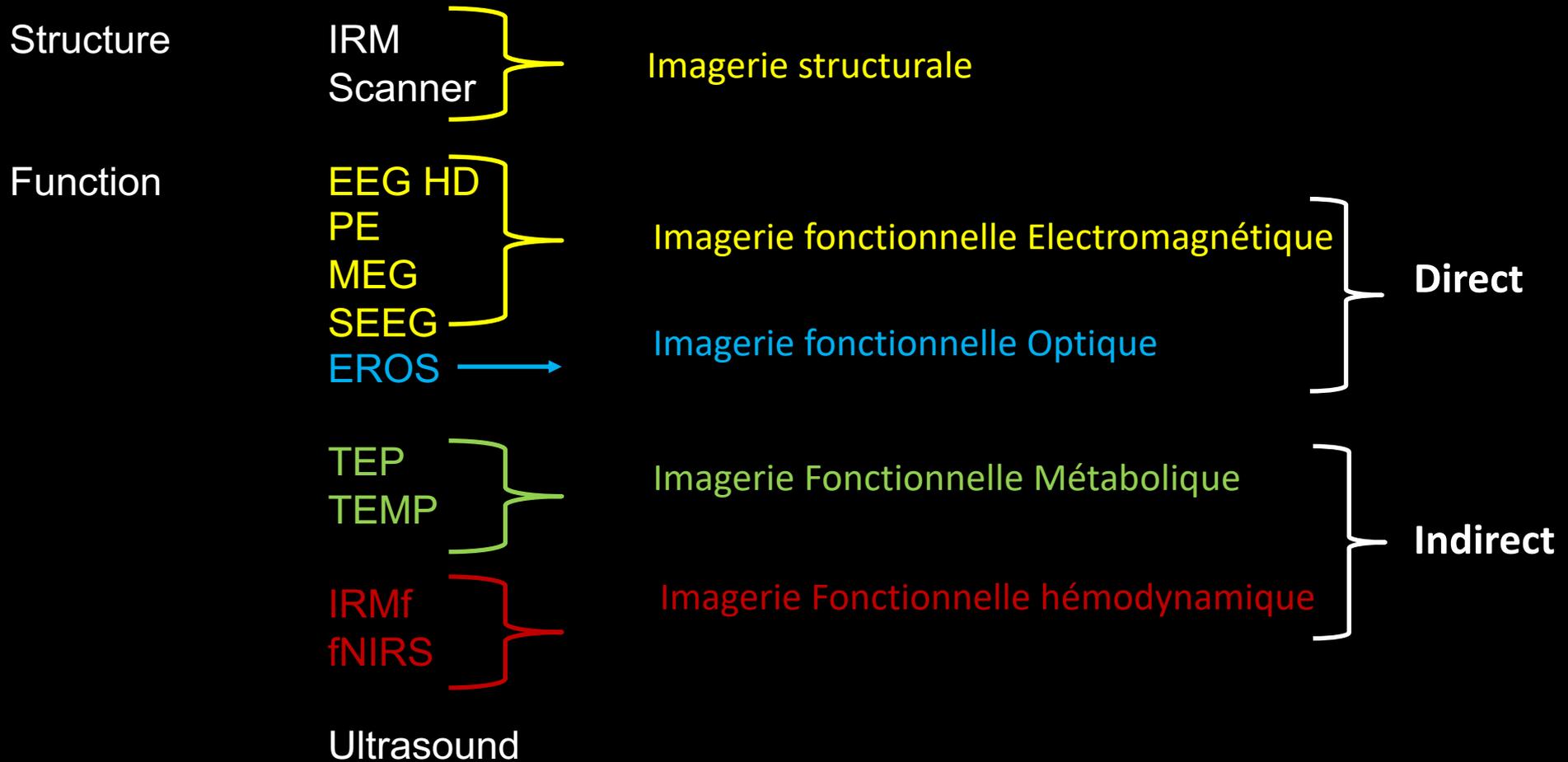
Adult

Cerebral maturation in foetus

- Cellular proliferation
- Cellular Migration
- Cellular differentiation
- Synaptic selection and reorganisation
- Gyration
- Myelinisation



Quels outils pour analyser la fonction cérébrale



n. Pyramidal
 Perp. Surface
 Nb Important
 Synchro.
 Resolution msec
 Champs élect (EEG, PE)
 Champs magnét (MEG)

EROS, Fast NIRS

Neur, Astrocytes
 Membranes
 No Orientation,
 No synchro
 Msec

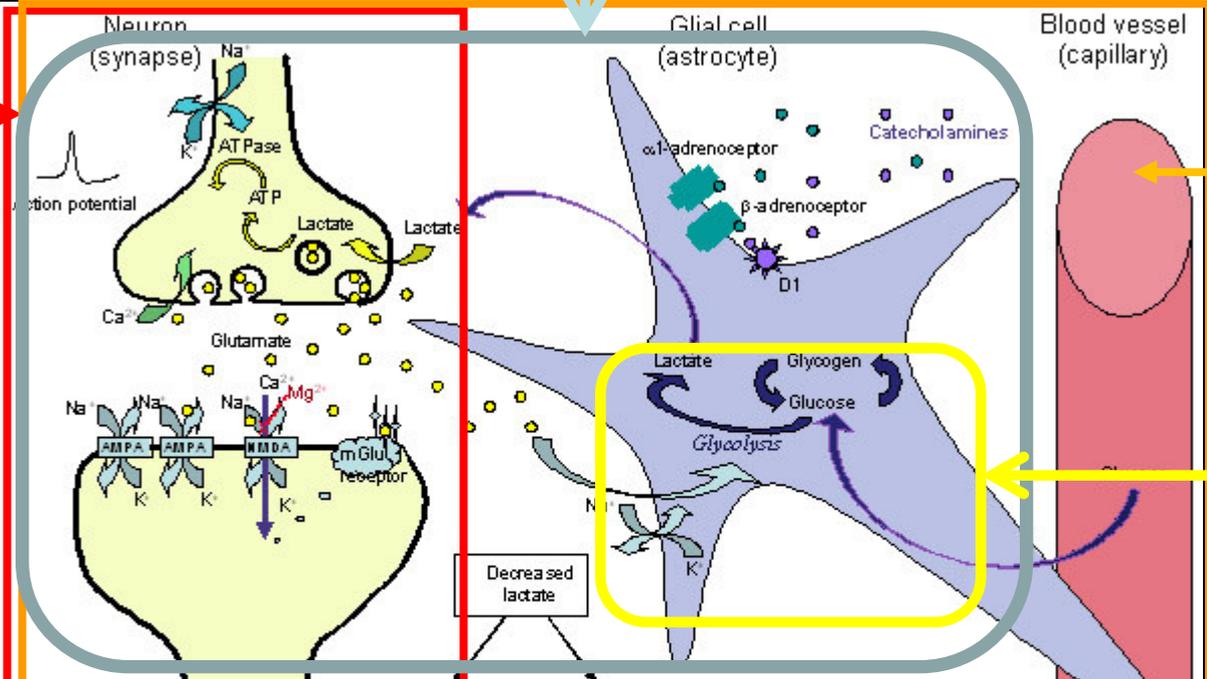
Neur and astrocytes
 No orientation
 No synchro.
 Couplage neurovasc
 HbO, HbR (fNIRS)
 HbR (IRMf)
 msec (IfNIRS), sec (IRMf)

EEG MEG PE

fNIRS
 IRMf

TEP
 SPECT

Métabolisme
 Glucose
 Min.



	H1	H2
Impairment timescale:	ms	years
Cell type:	Neuron	Oligodendrocyte
Required condition:	rapid firing	myelination of axons
Impairment:	is not sustained	is delayed
Behavioral effect:	Variable responses slow reaction time	Slow reaction time

A – Analysis of brain development in premature

Tools for the analysis of brain function

Structure

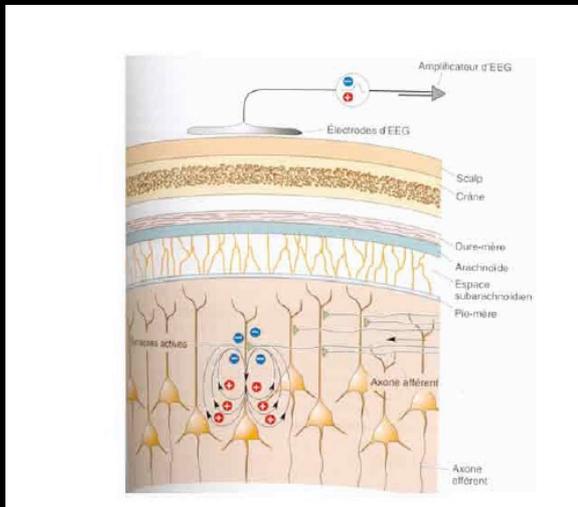
MRI
Scanner

Function

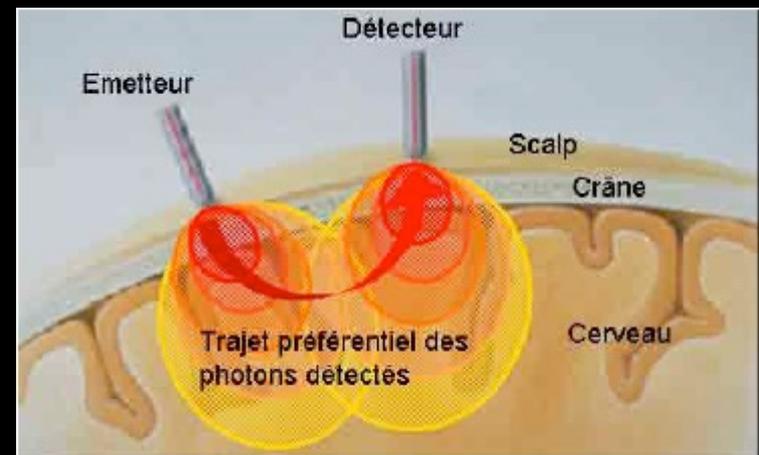
EEG
NIRS
MEG
TEP
SPECT
IRMf
Ultrafast Ultrasound

EEG
NIRS

Electric
Hemodynamic

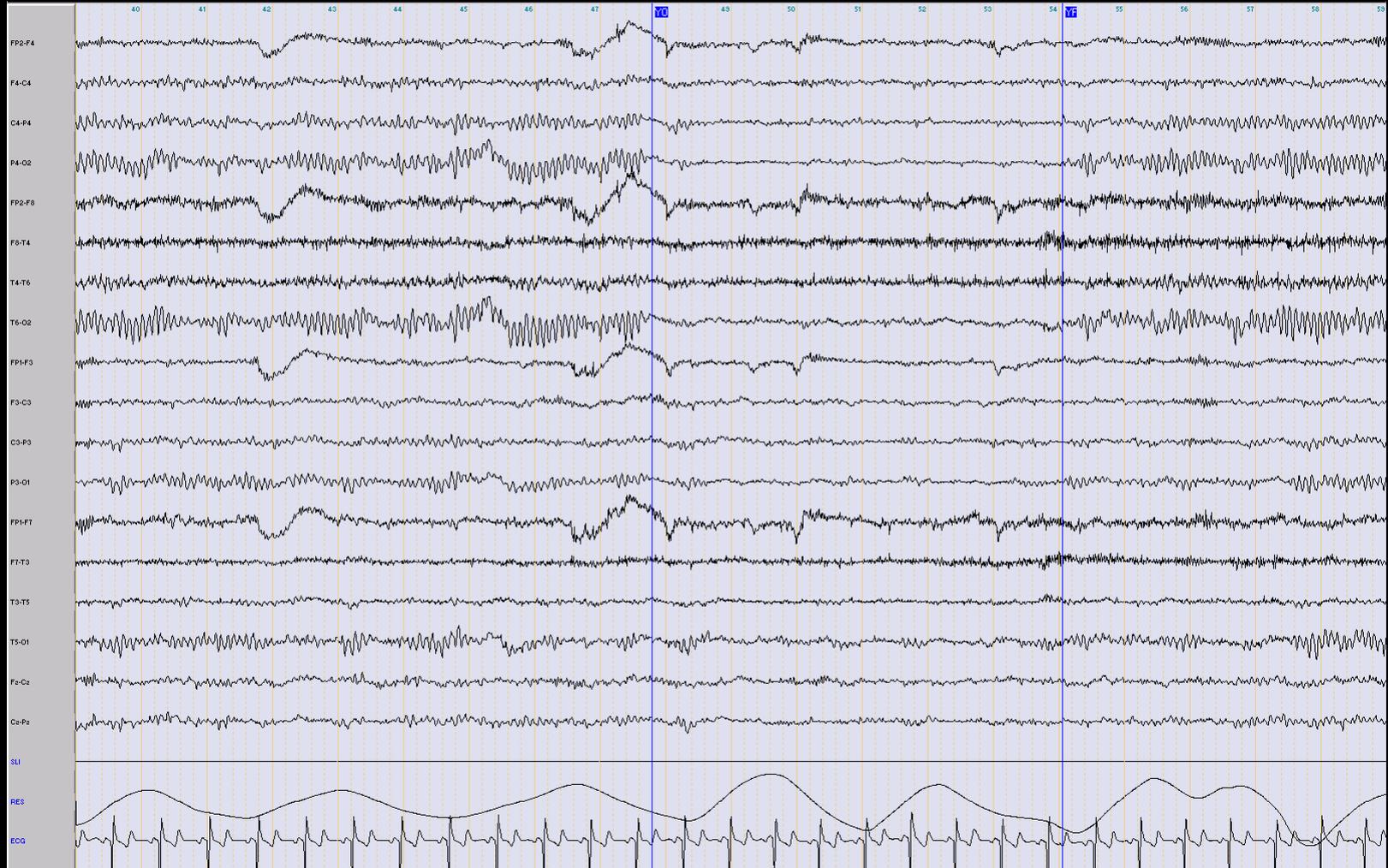


EEG

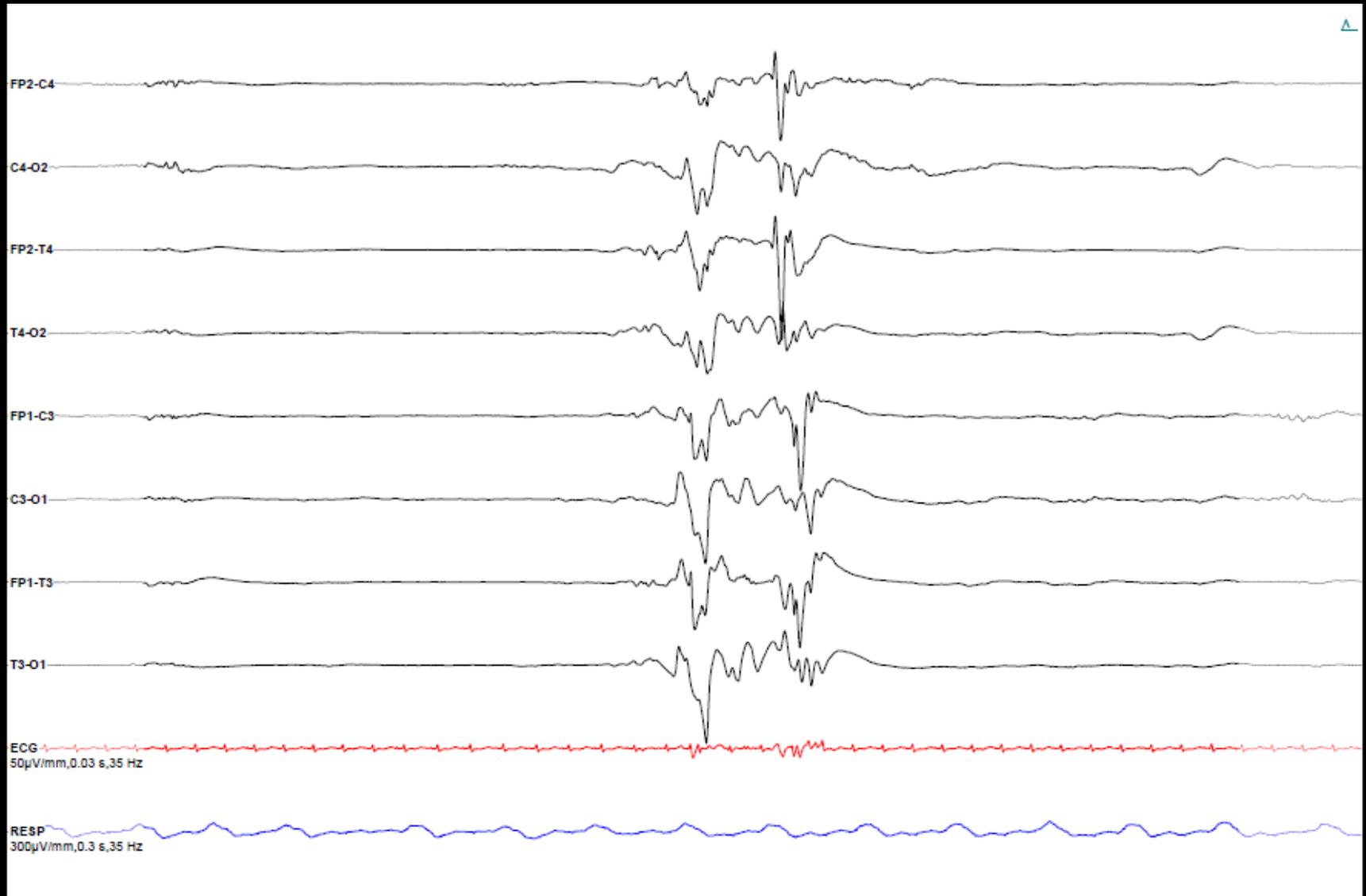


NIRS

A – Analysis of brain development in prematures EEG in 16 Y old children

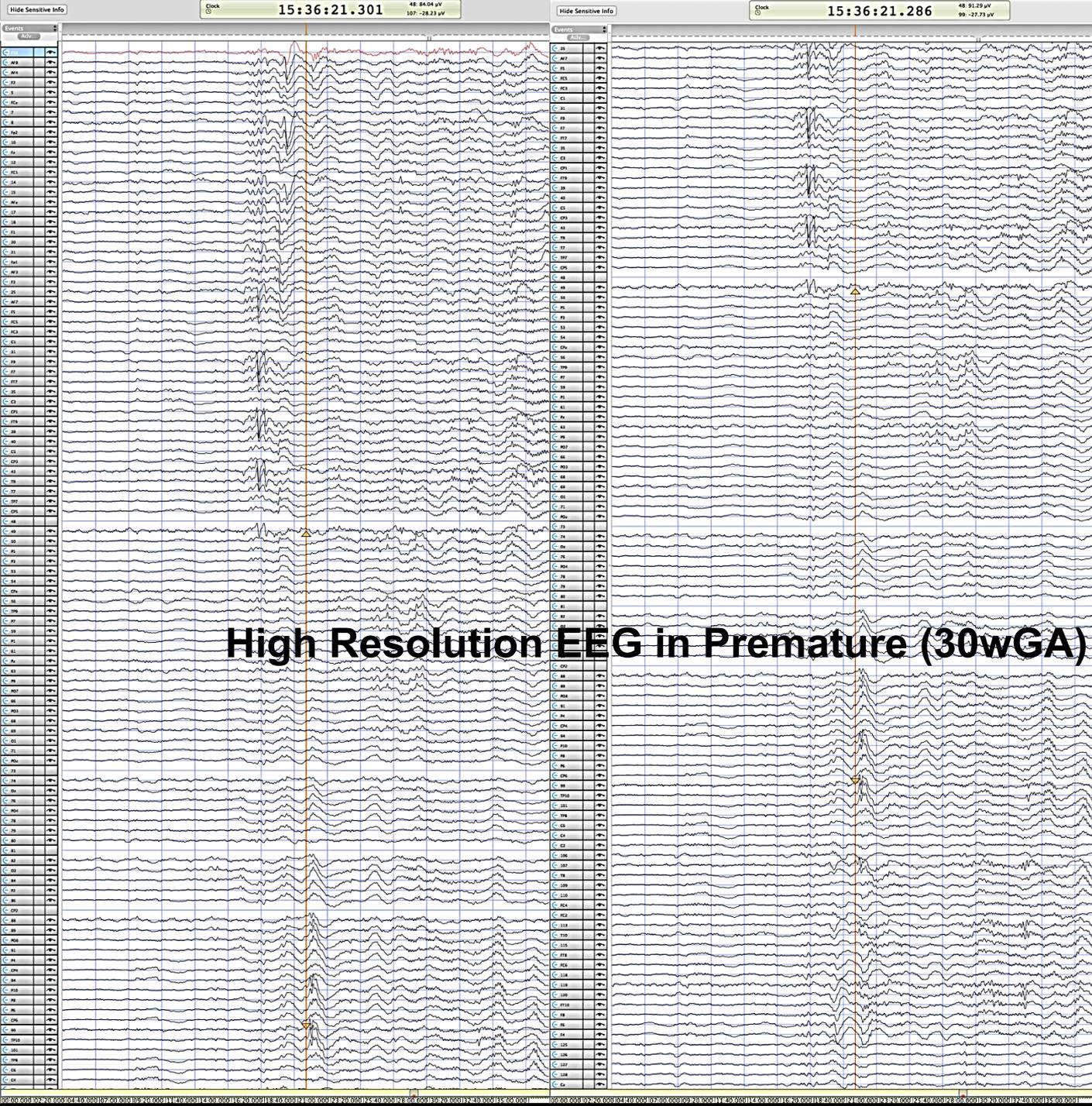


A – Analysis of brain development in prematures EEG in 25 wGA premature

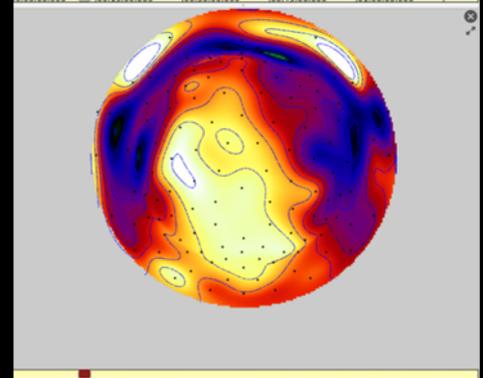
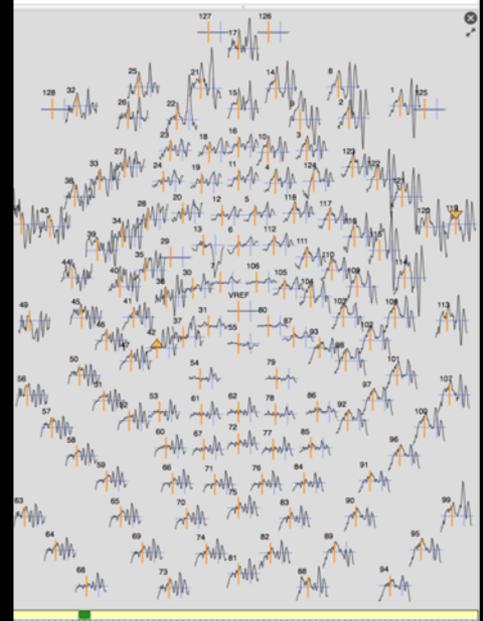




The XXI century in neonatal EEG



High Resolution EEG in Premature (30wGA)



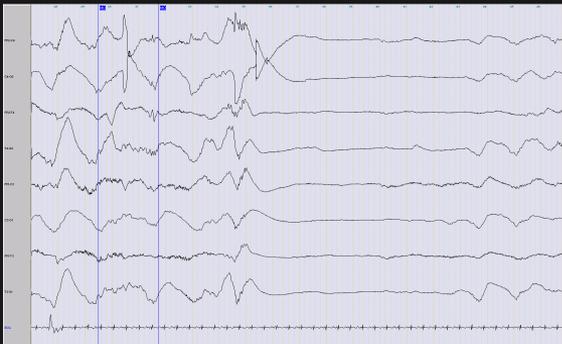
A – Analysis of Brain Development in prematures

A2: rational

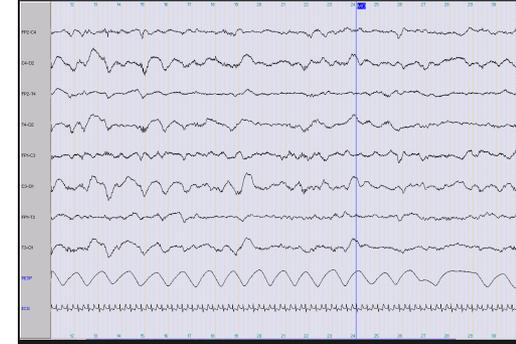
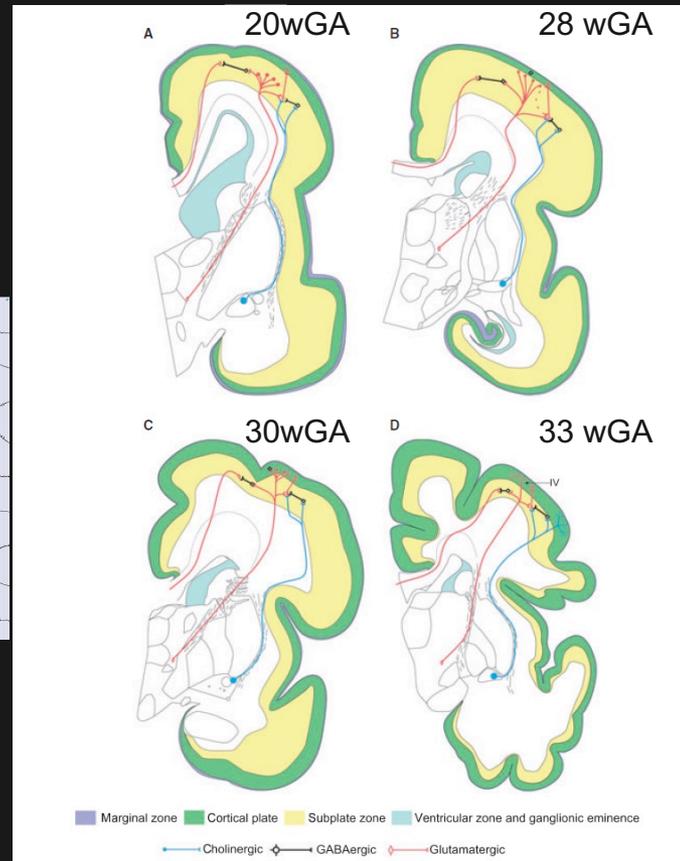
The immaturity of the cortex between 28 and 32 wGA

Mesososcopic level

The subplate



28 wGA



33wGA

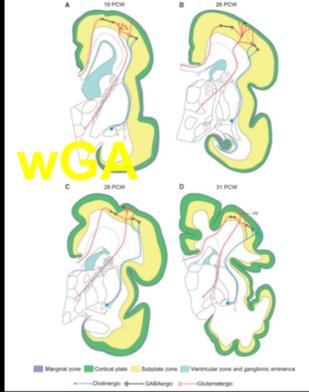
20-26wGA the subplate receive thalamocortical afferents
26-28wGA the first afferents reach the cortical plate
28-30wGA the first synapses occur in the cortical plate

A – Analysis of Brain Development in prematures

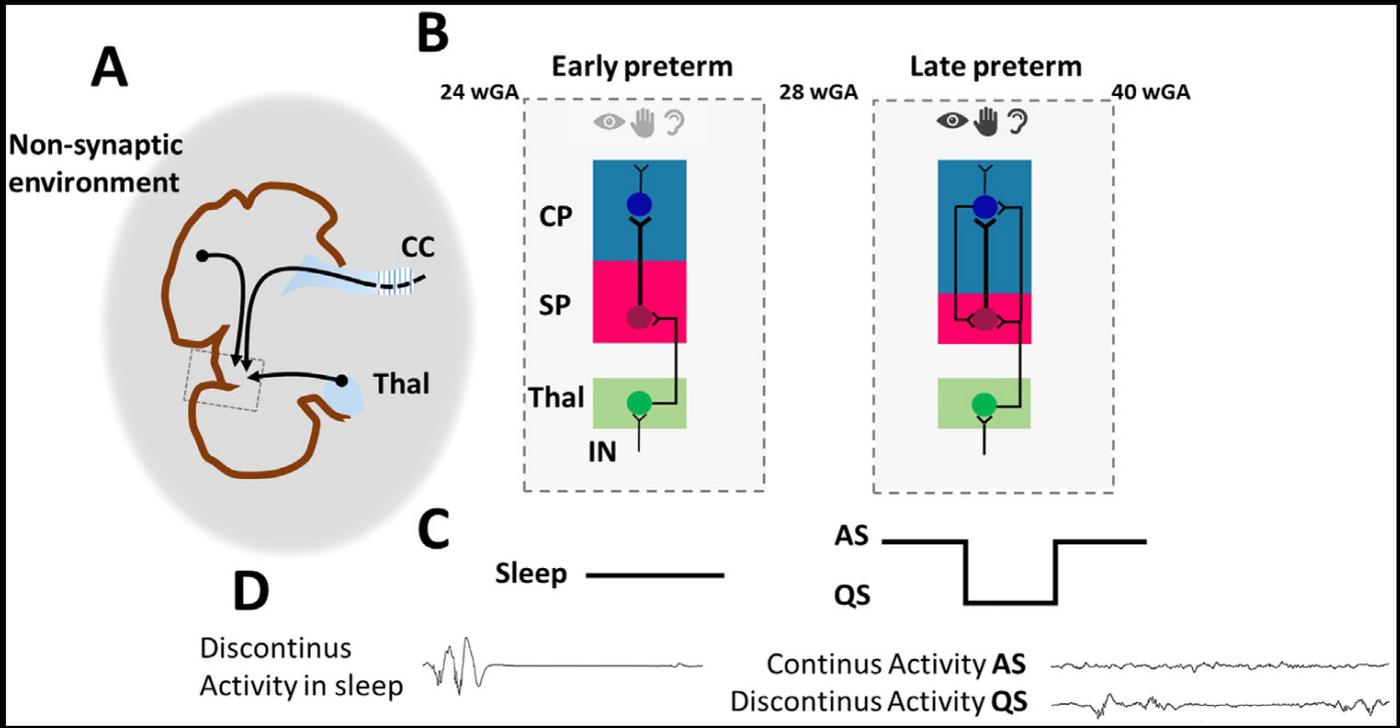
A2: rational

The immaturity of the cortex between 28 and 32 wGA

Mesoscopic level



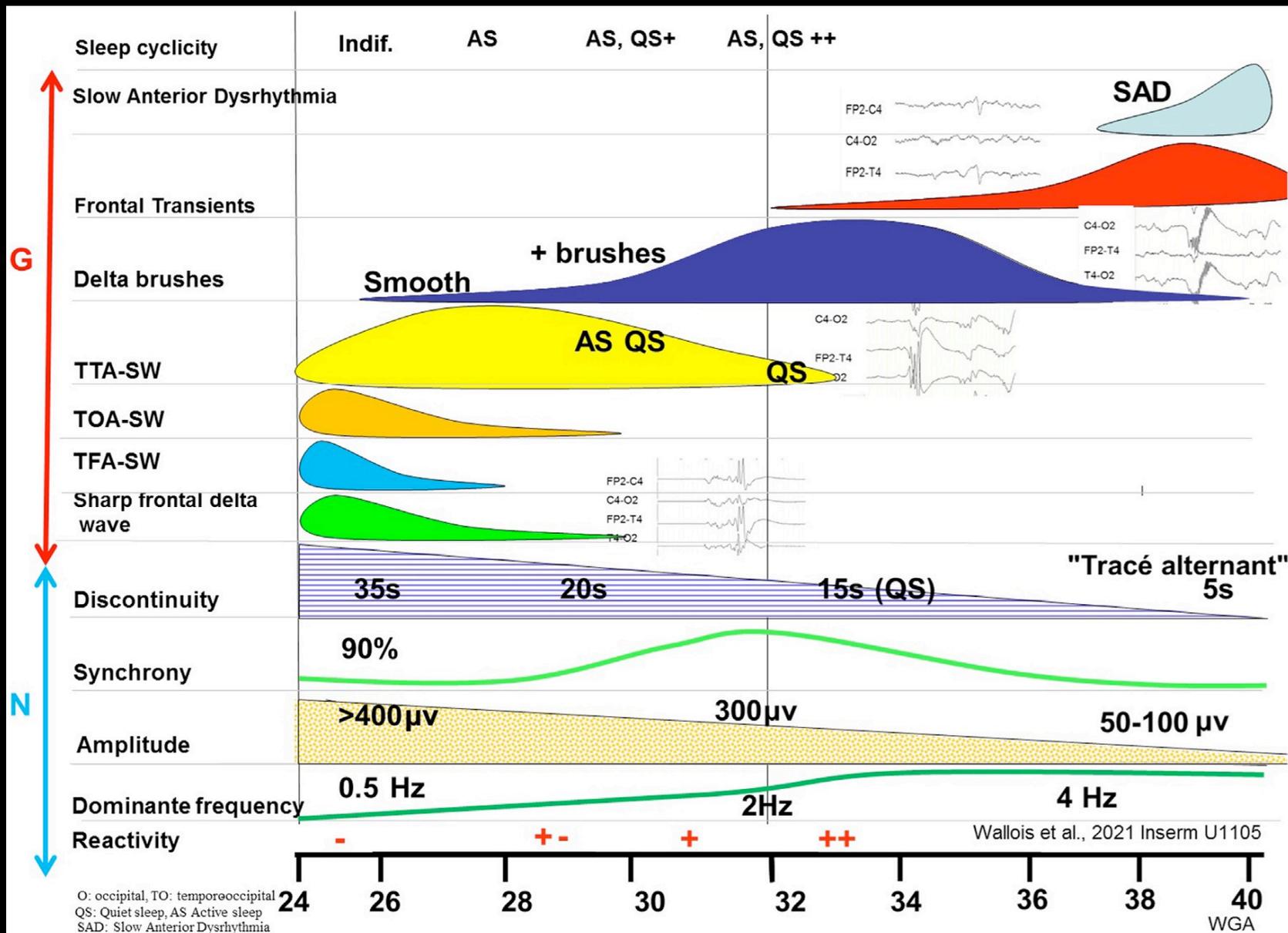
The subplate



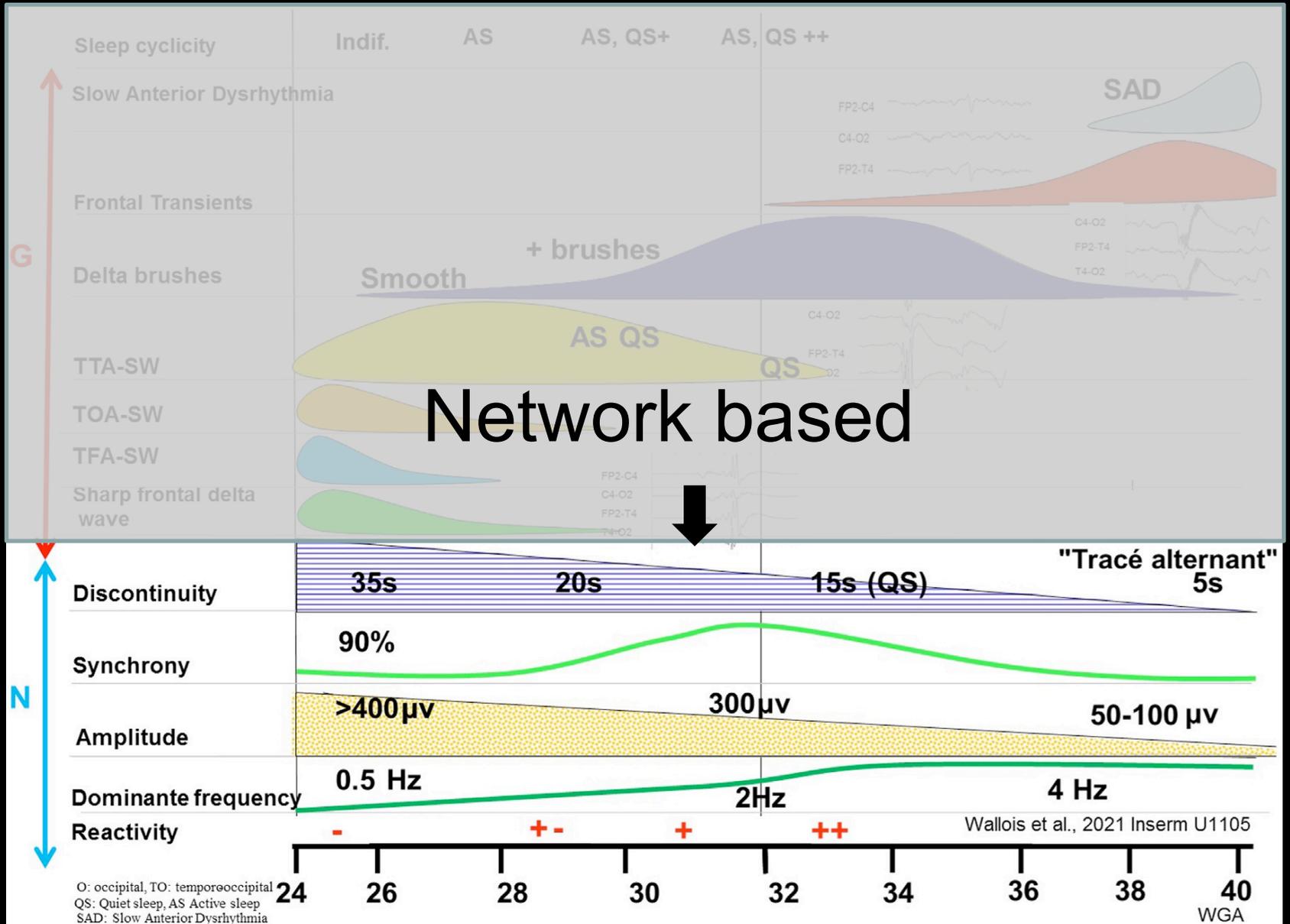
Wallois et al., 2021

Complex structural and functional relationship?

The synopsis of functional electrical activities of the immature brain



The synopsis of functional electrical activities of the immature brain



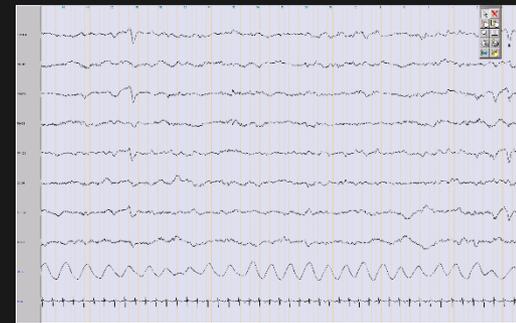
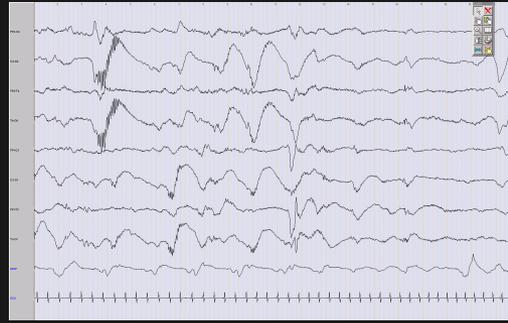
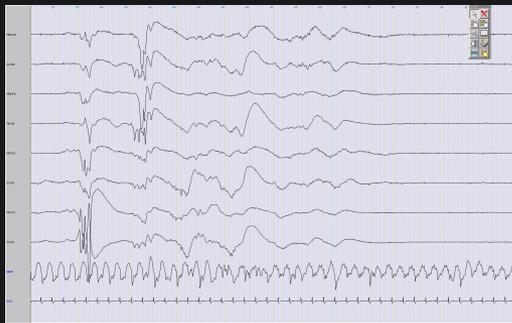
B – Analysis of Brain Development in prematures

B2: rational

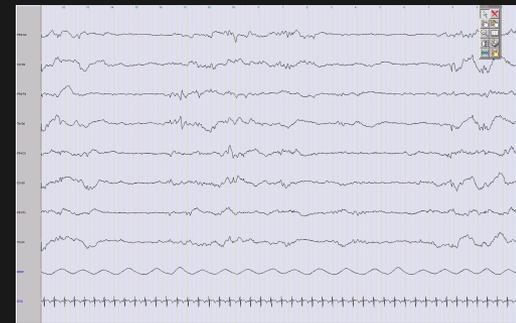
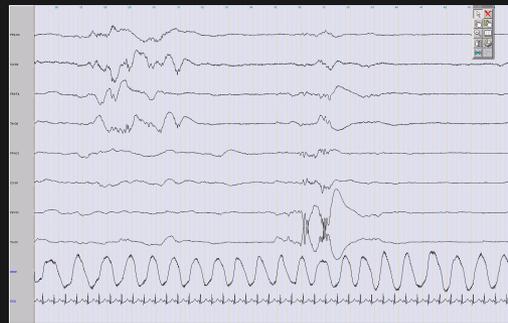
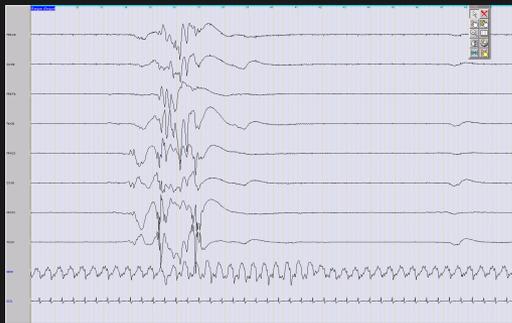
The immaturity of the cortex in 28-32 w GA premature

EEG in preterm is the marker of functional immaturity of the brain

AS



QS



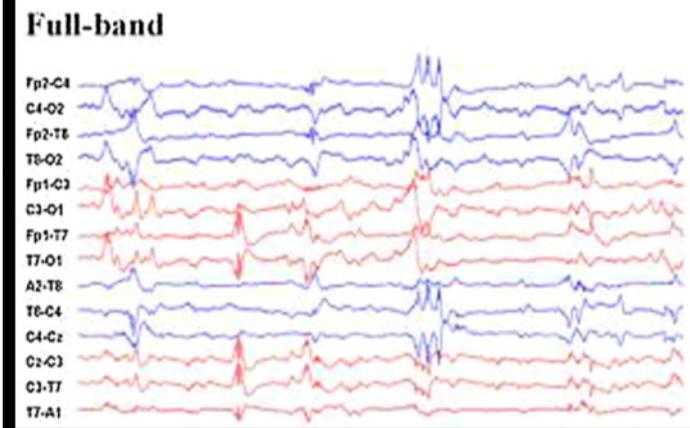
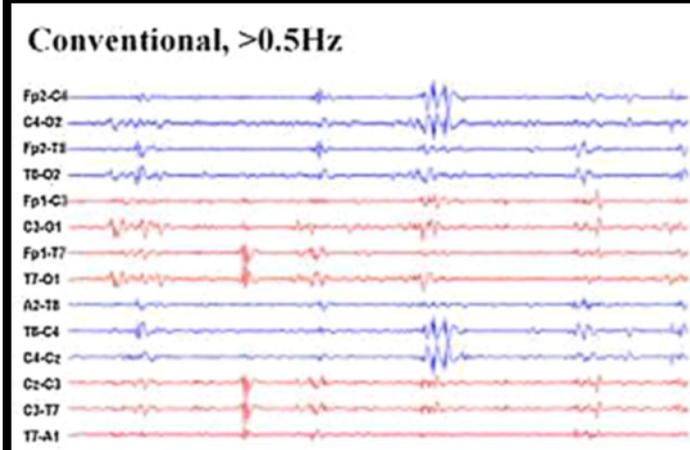
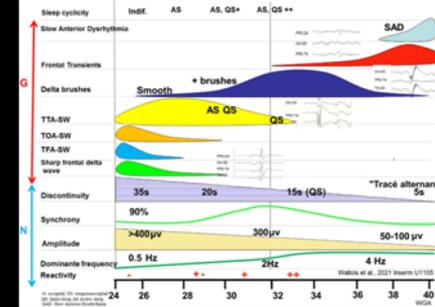
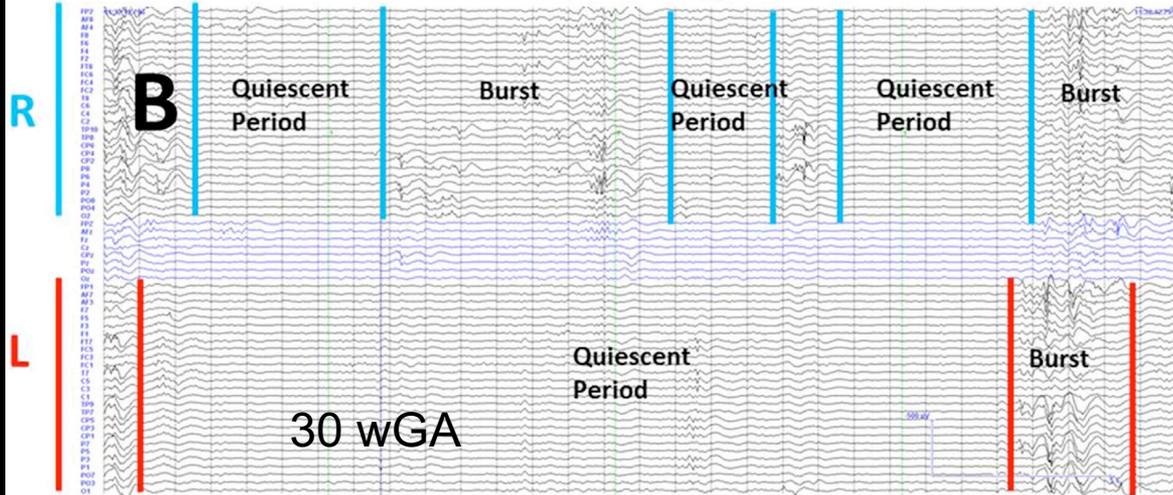
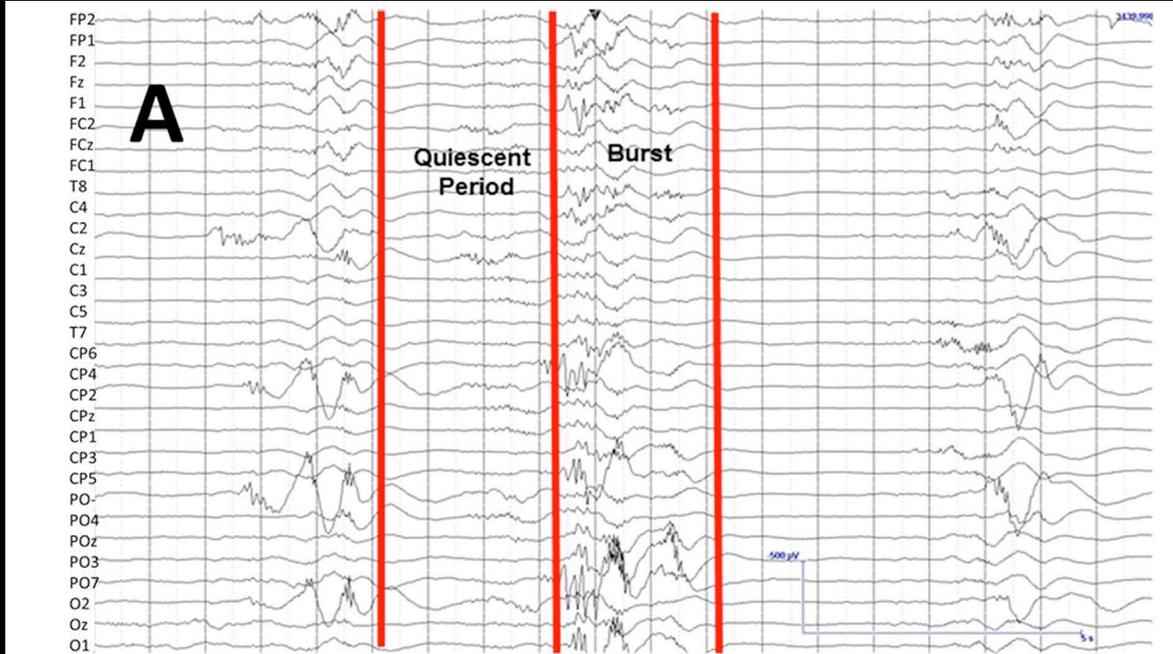
28 WGA

32 WGA

37 WGA

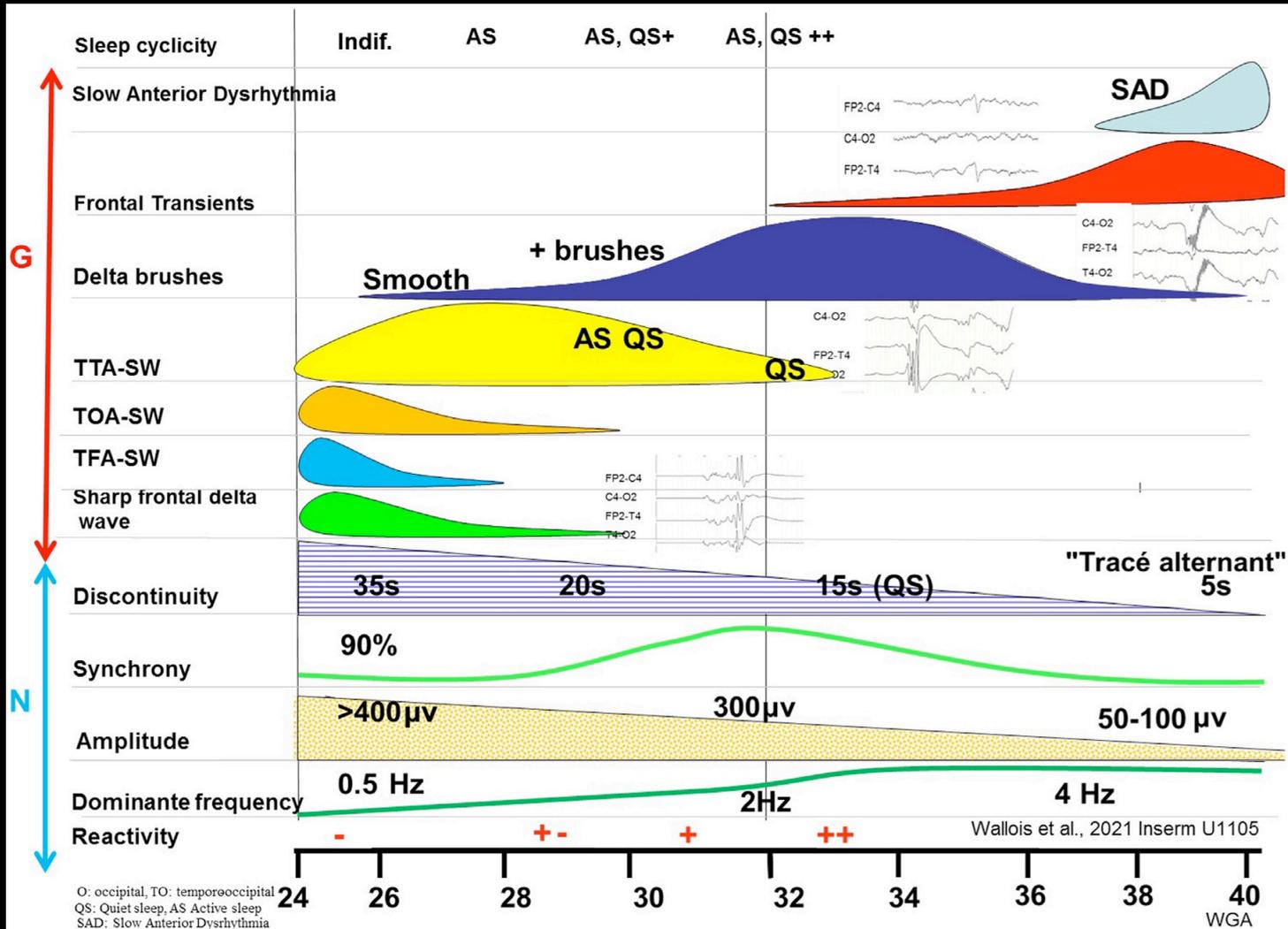
The discontinuity suggests that some generators are modified with the development
The occurrence of sleep stage suggests functional input from the reticula

The synchrony, the quiescence, the bursts

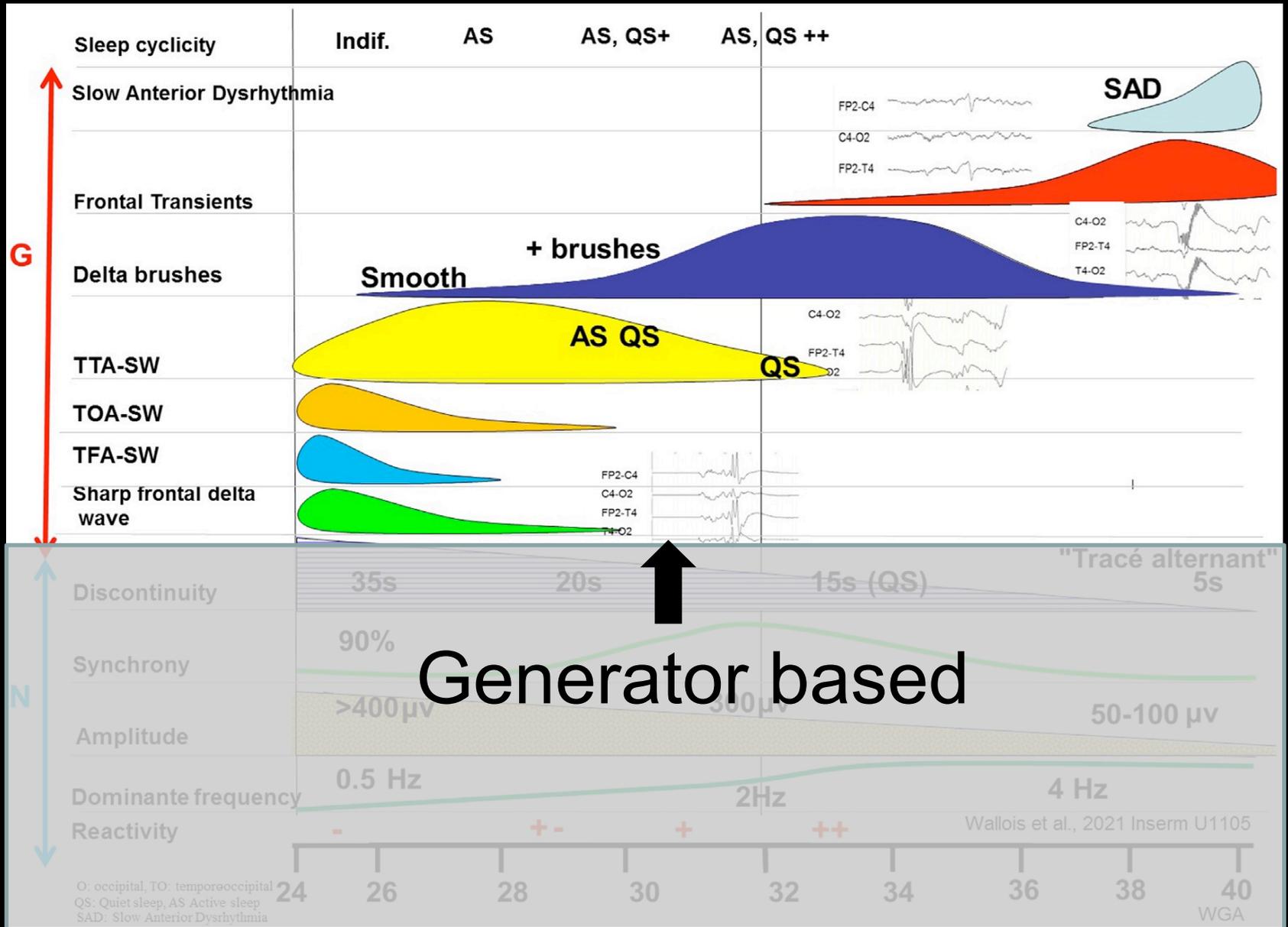


Wallois et al., 2021

The synopsis of maturation



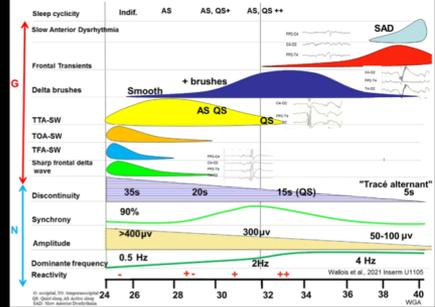
The synopsis of functional electrical activities of the immature brain



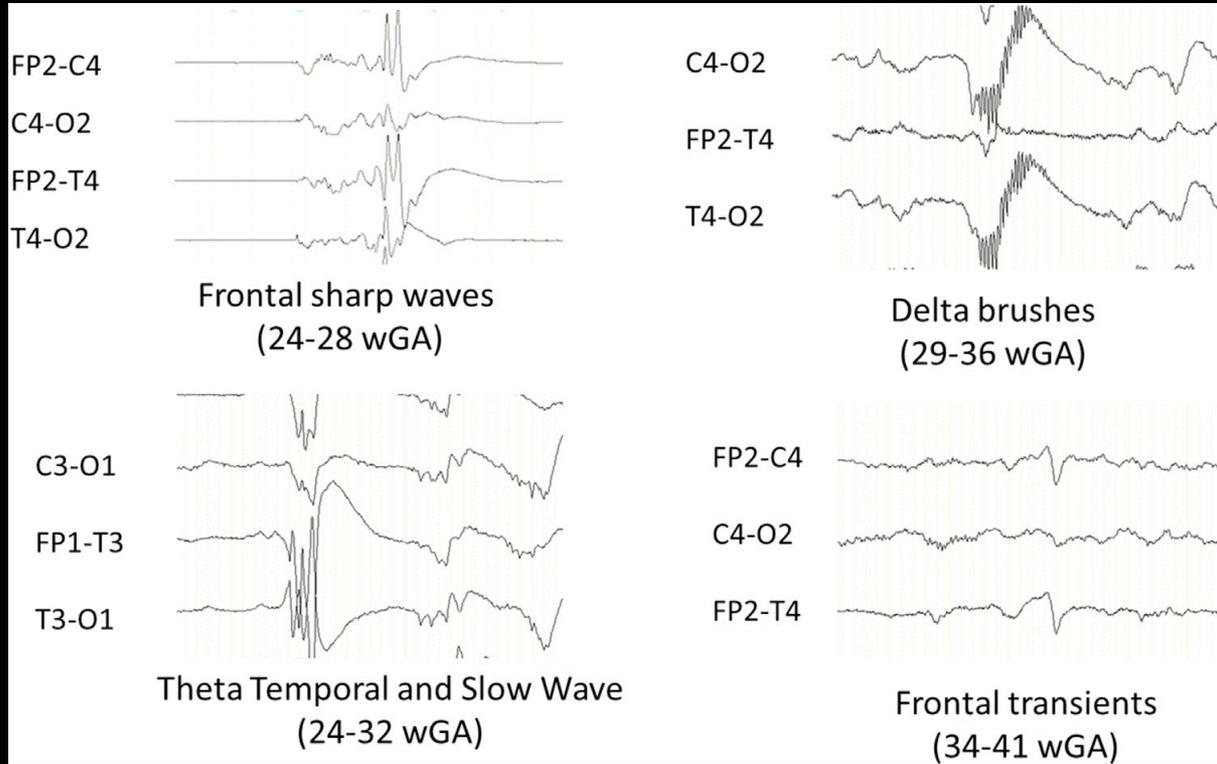
B – Analysis of Brain Development in prematures

B2: rational

The immaturity of the cortex



Specific features appear and disappear according to the development



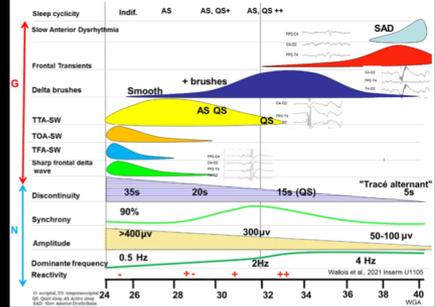
Wallois et al., 2021

Specific coupled or coalescent oscillators appear and disappear or are masked

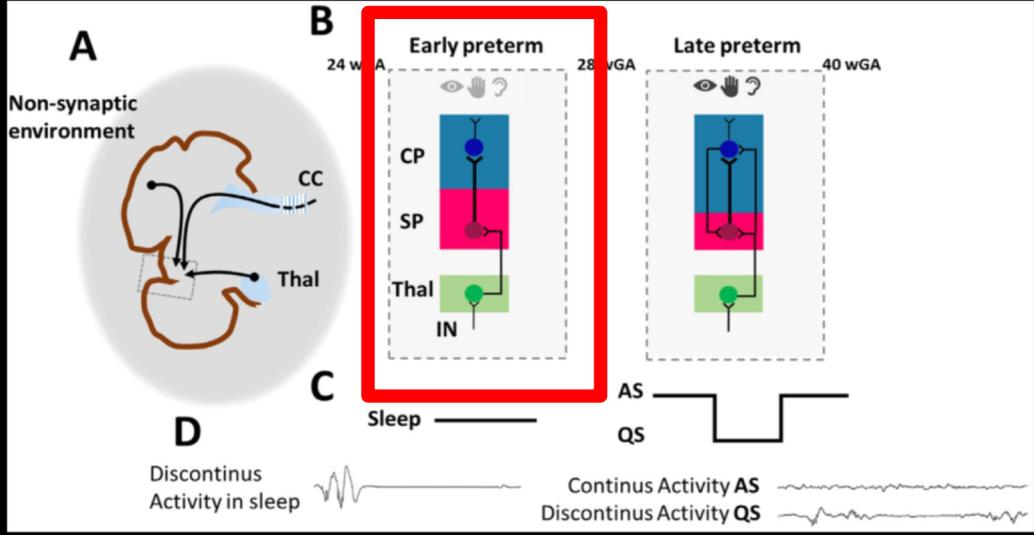
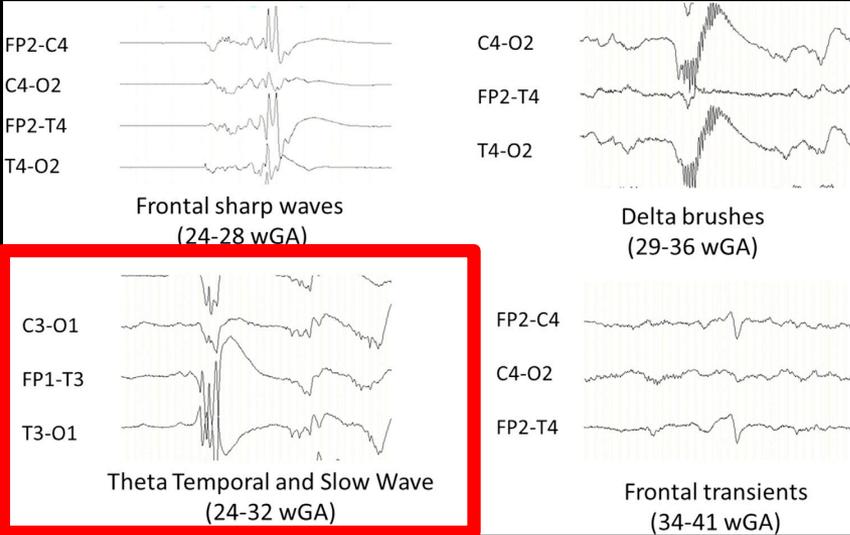
B – Analysis of Brain Development in prematures

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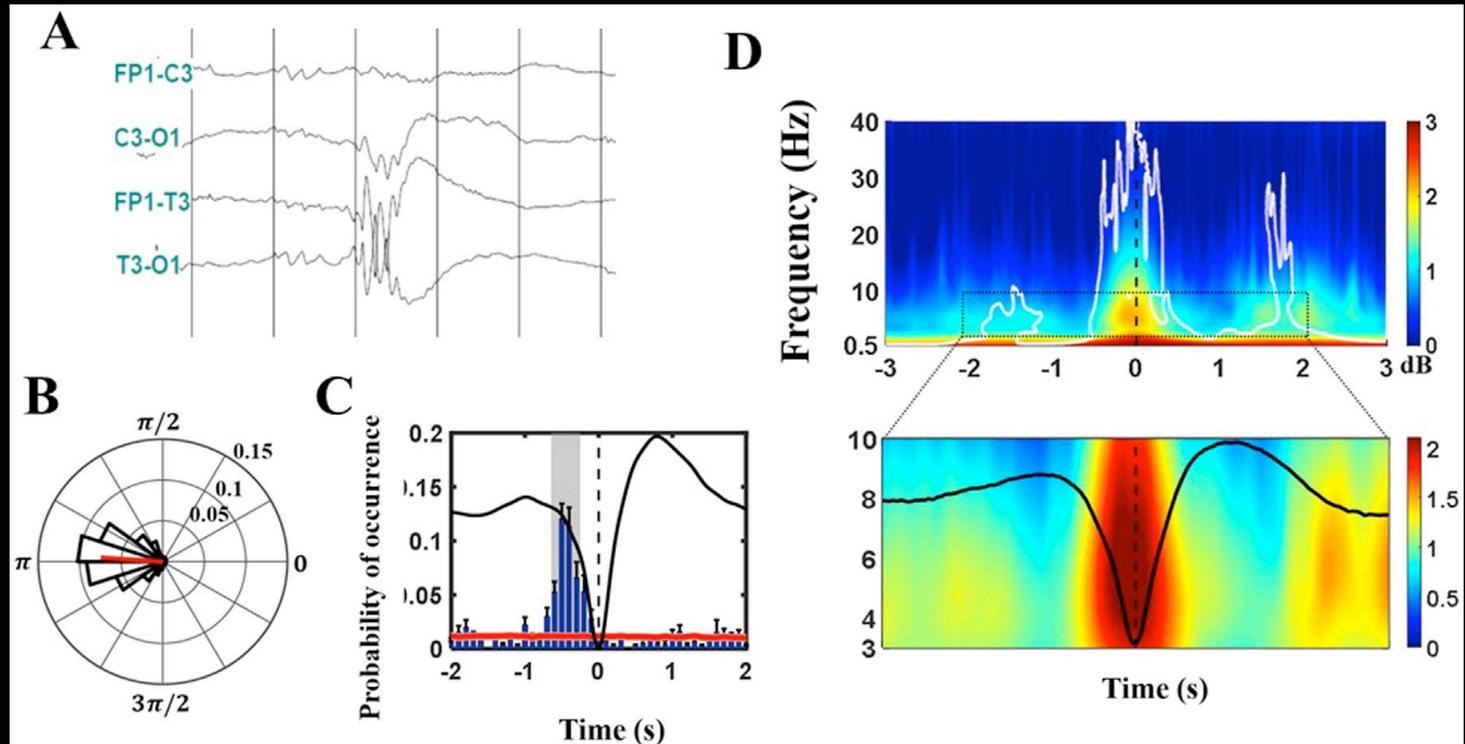
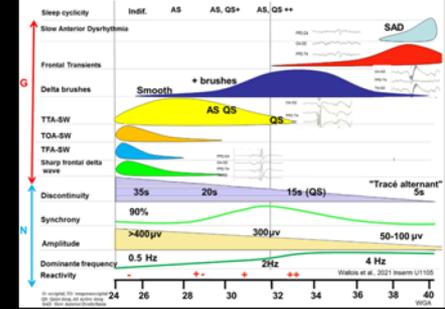
The internal world



Specific coupled or coalescent oscillators appear and disappear or are masked

The coalescence with slow wave

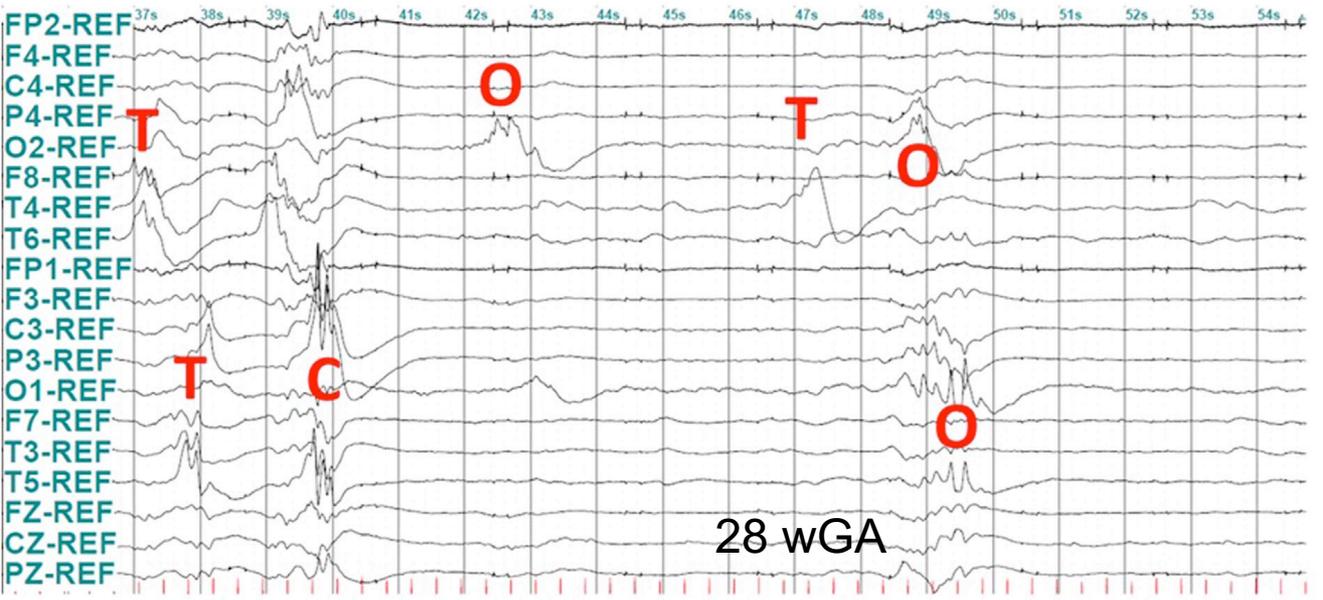
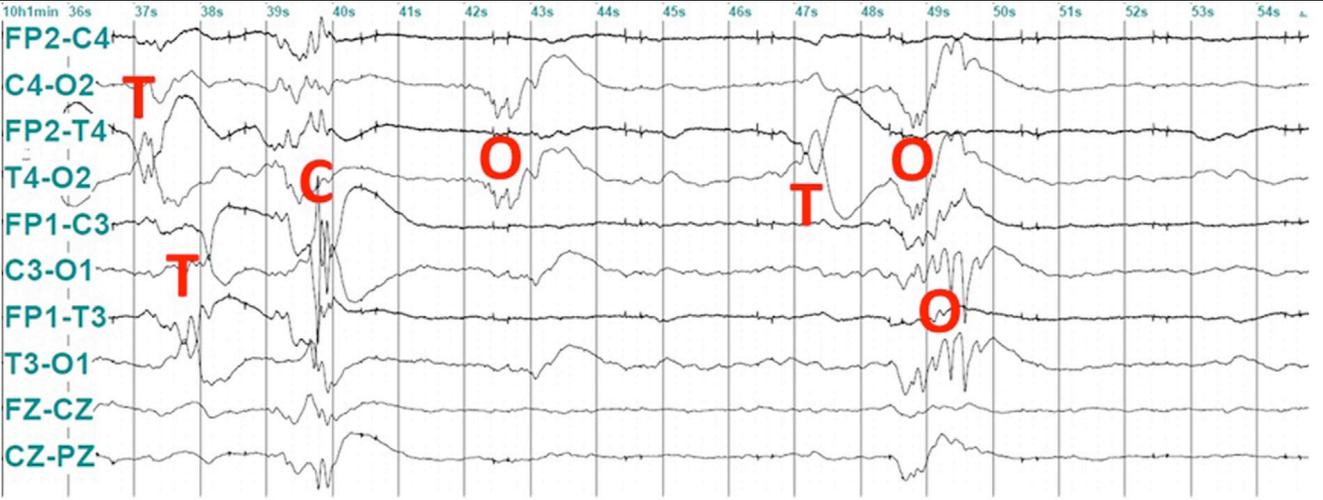
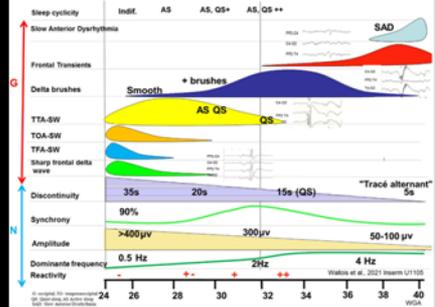
TTA-SW



Moghimi et al., 2020

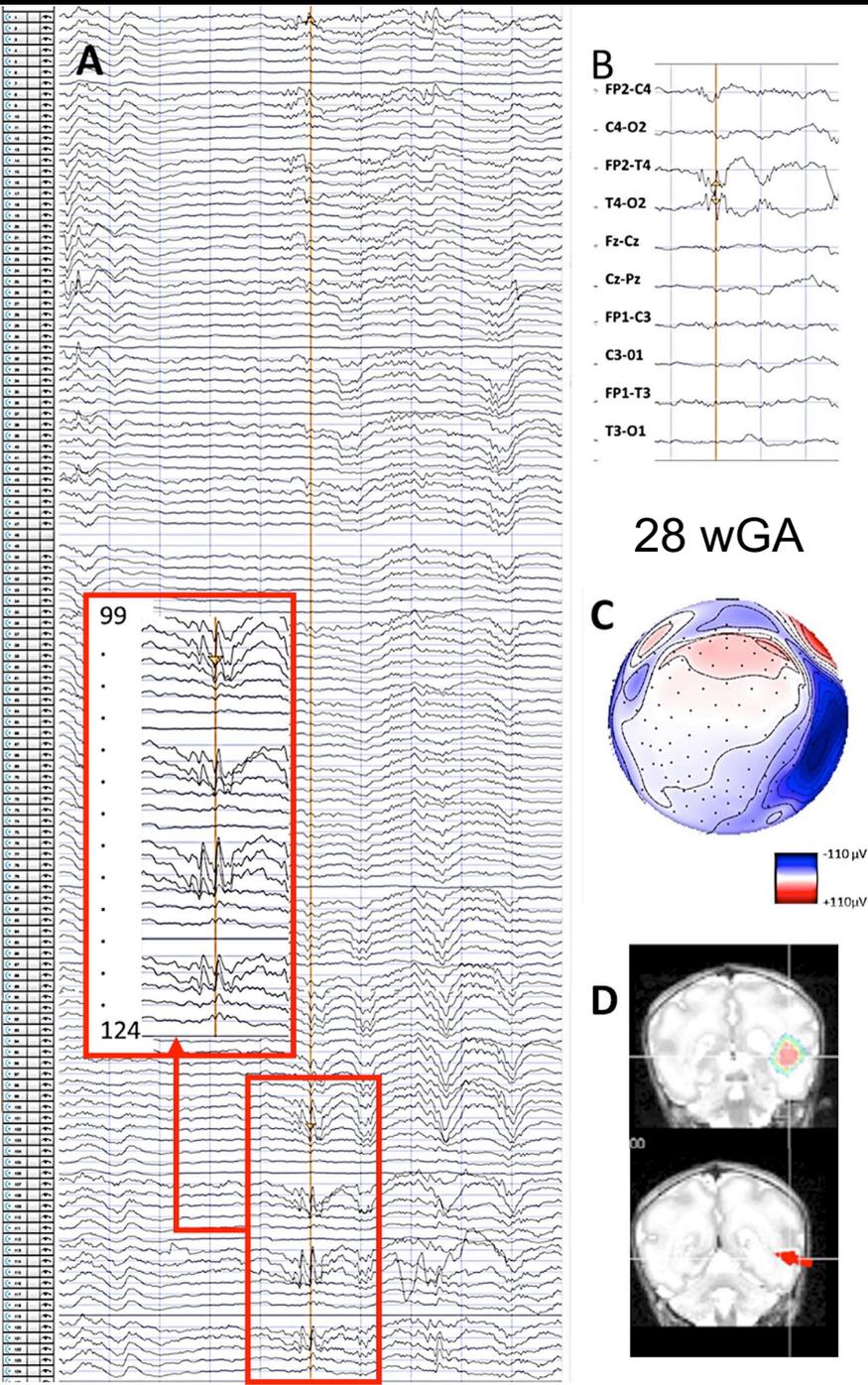
The coupling between 2 oscillators: An index of fine tuning within the immature cortical network

The coupling between 2 oscillators: An index of fine tuning within the immature cortical network

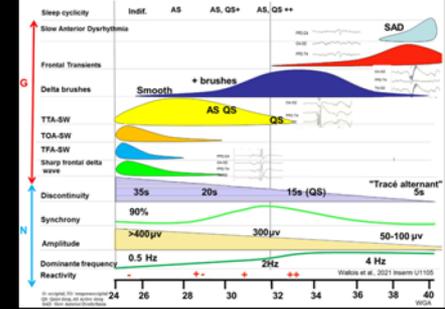


Rather specific to the sensory cortices

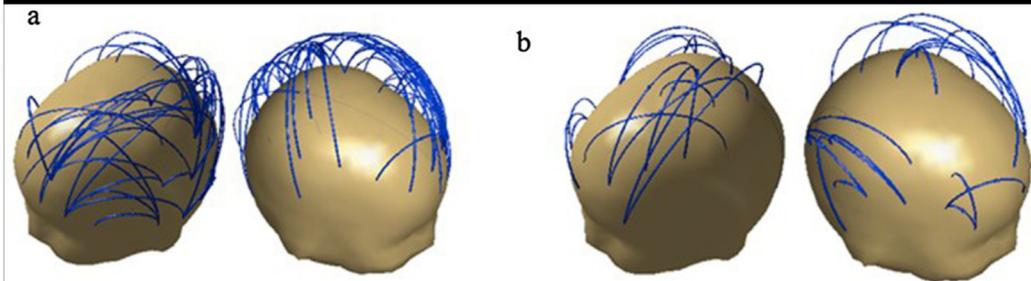
Wallois et al., 2021



TTA-SW



Rather specific to the sensory cortices



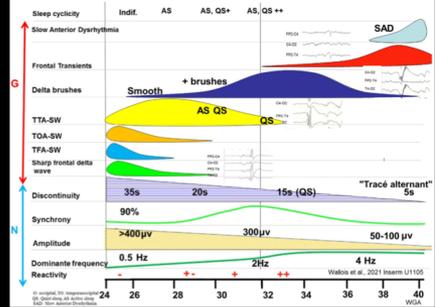
The wiring of perisylvian areas is in progress

Routier et al., 2017, Adebimpe et al., 2018, Wallois et al., 2021

B – Analysis of Brain Development in prematures

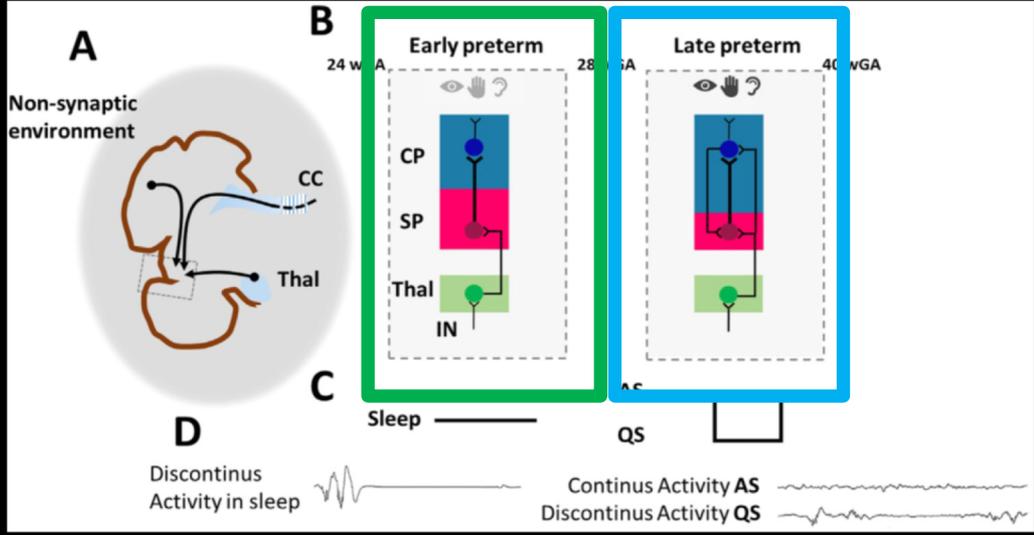
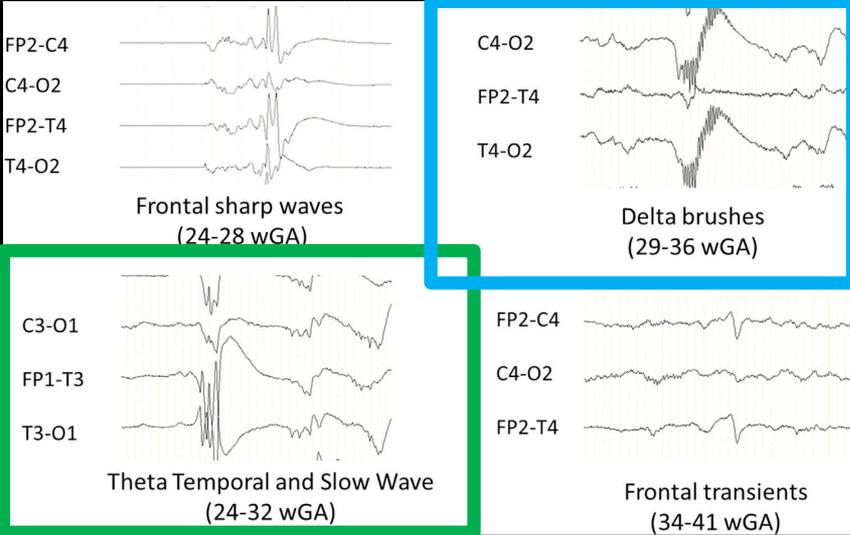
B2: rational

The immaturity of the cortex



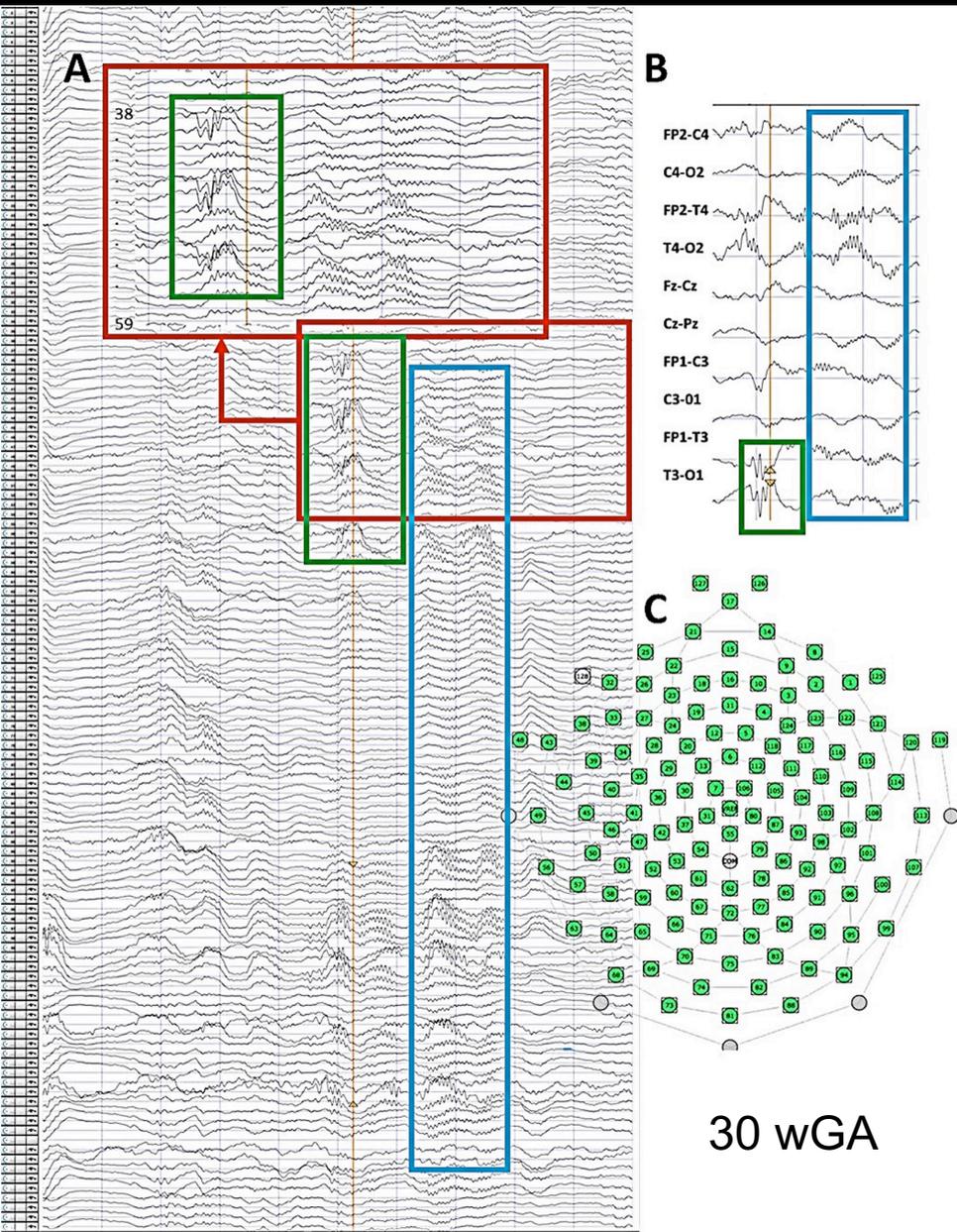
The transition

The connection with the external world



Specific coupled or coalescent oscillators appear and disappear or are masked

The connection with the external world

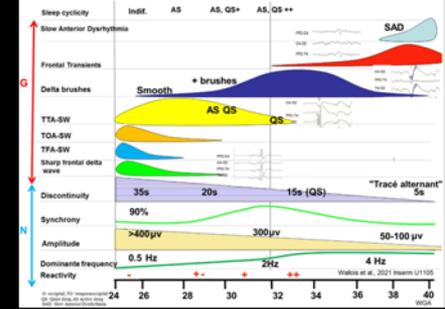


TTA-SW

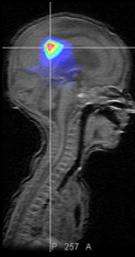
And

Delta brushes

The transition from endogenous activity not sensory driven to generators modulated by exogenous stimulation



C – ElectrOptical application in Language Maturation



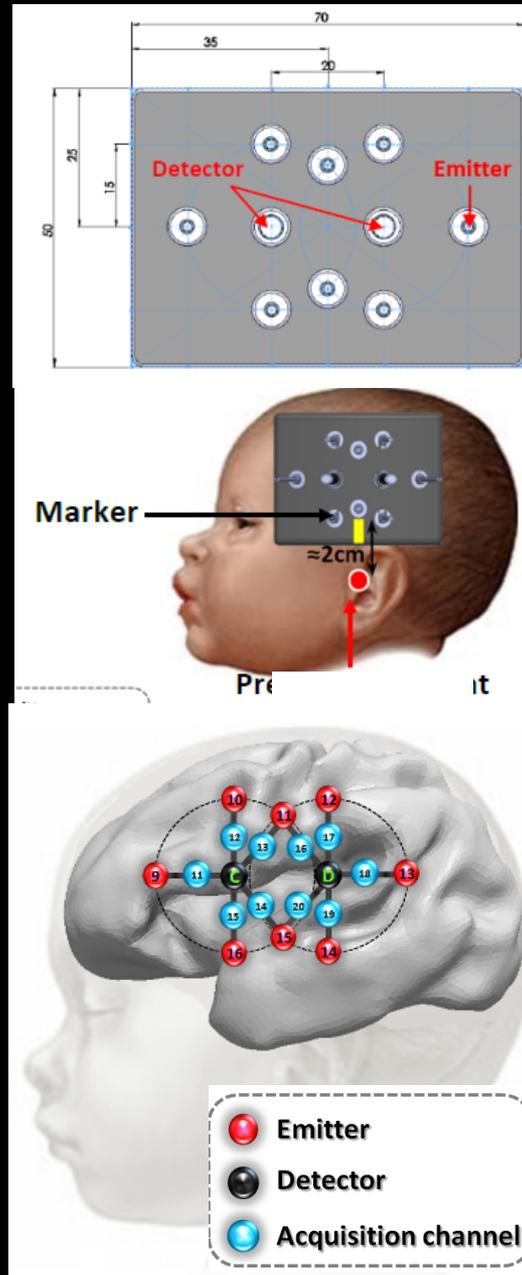
NIRS



EEG



- A probe, especially designed to to preterm head.
- 16 emitters (8 : each hemisphere)
- 4 detectors (2 : each hemisphere)
- It covers perisylvian areas

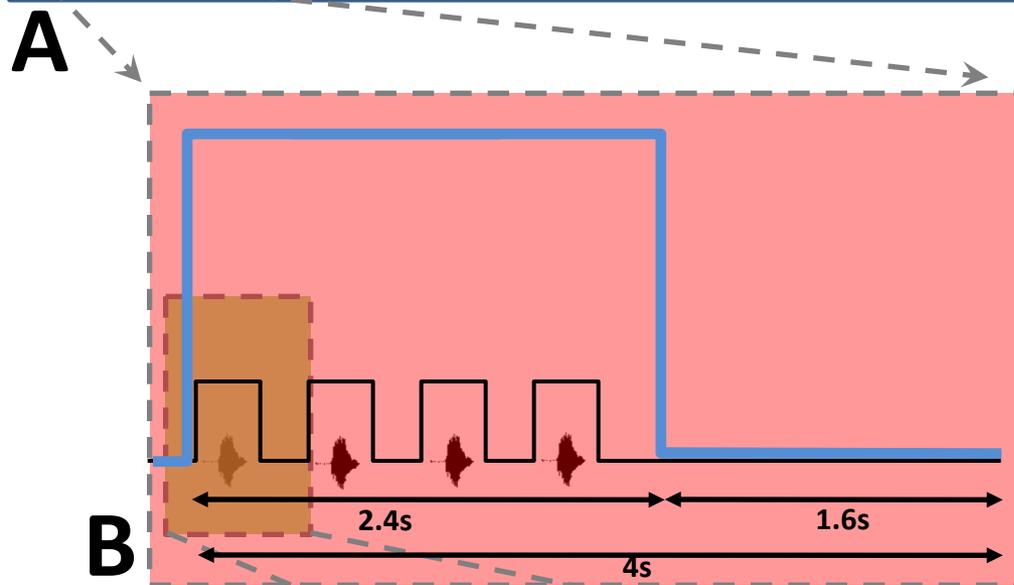
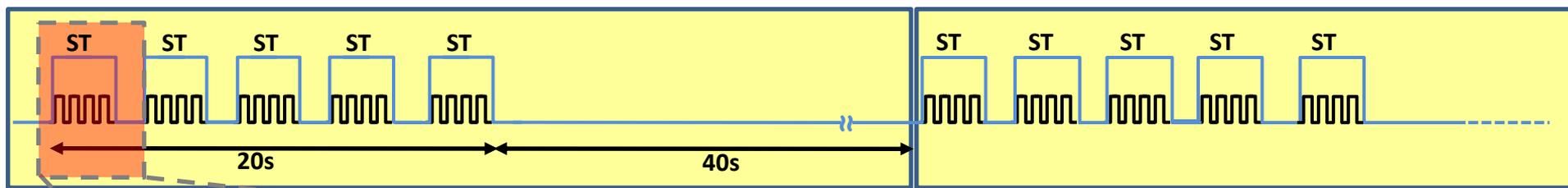


- A cap, especially designed to to preterm head.
- 64 channels electrodes
- It covers the whole head

- 12 prematures 28-32 wGA
- Recorded during sleep
- Syllable stimuli
 - Standard
 - Deviant voices
 - Deviant phonemes

- 19 healthy premature
- Recorded during sleep
- Stimulated with the same paradigm
 - Standard
 - Deviant phonemes
 - deviant voices

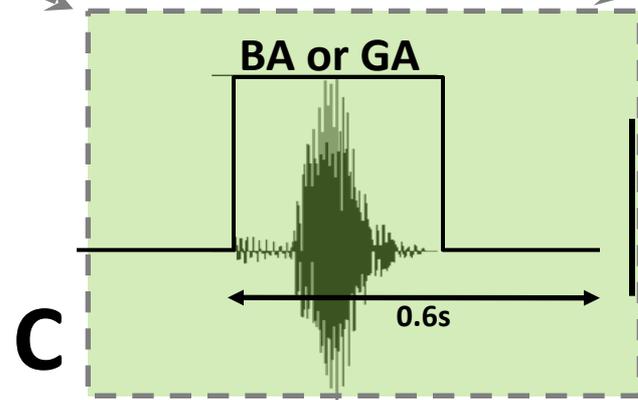




ST : Stimulation trial

Experimental Design

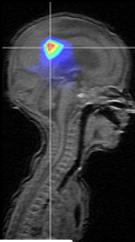
- Duration: 108 blocks
- Auditory stimulation: 20 sec
- Silence: 40 sec
- Phoneme change: **ba/ga**
- Voice change: **male / female**



Legend for stimulus types:

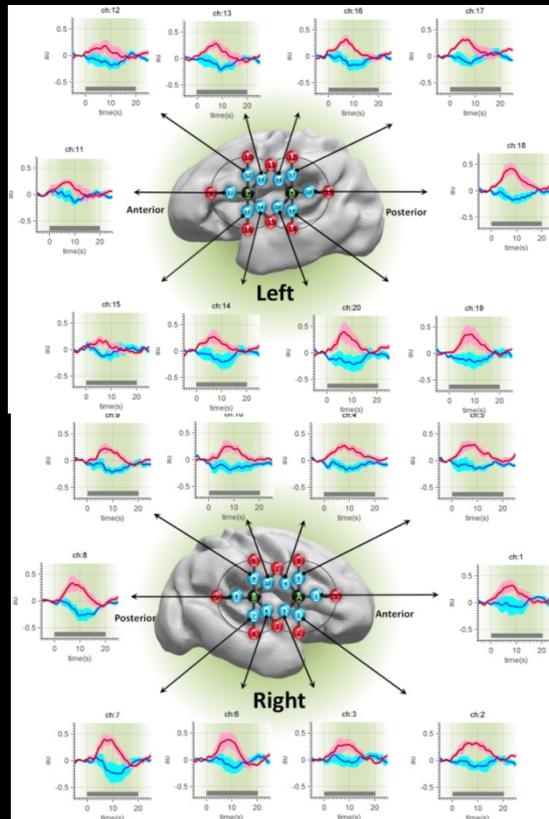
- Standard
- Deviant Voice
- Deviant Phoneme

C – ElectrOptical approach in Neurodevelopment

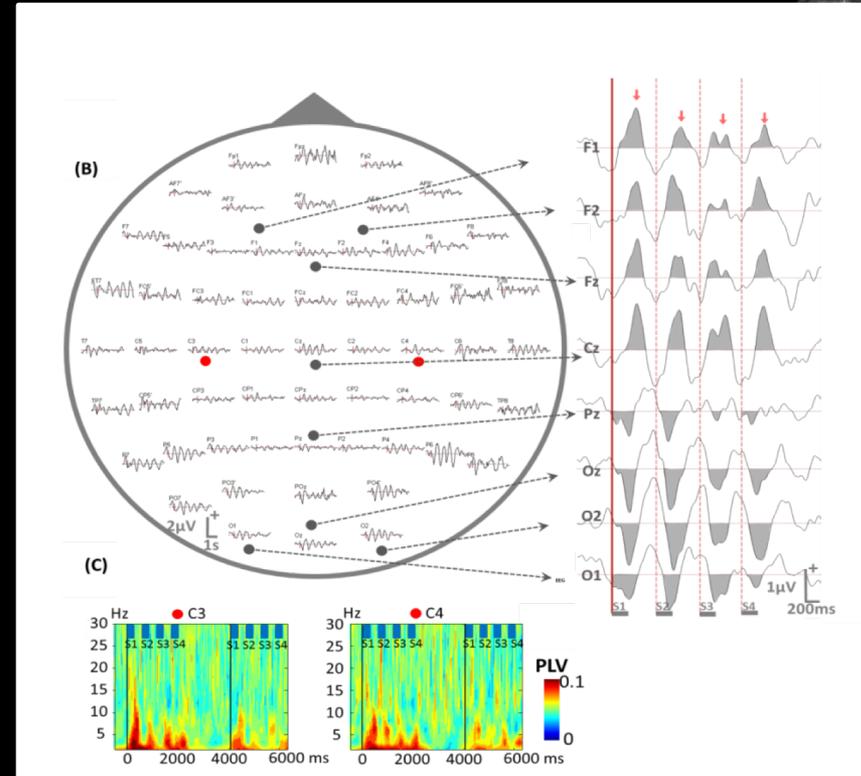


Typical responses (all conditions)

HD NIRS



HR EEG



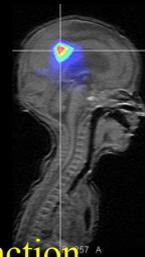
Phonemes induced a typical neurovascular coupling to block stimulation in perisylvian areas (HD NIRS) and a typical Evoked potential to single stimulation (HR EEG)

HR EEG → Synchronization and habituation are functional in pretermes

HD NIRS → Neurovascular coupling is functional in pretermes

C – ElectrOptical approach in Neurodevelopment

Objectif: To characterize the ability of the communication areas in prematures using the advantage of both HR EEG and HD NIRS



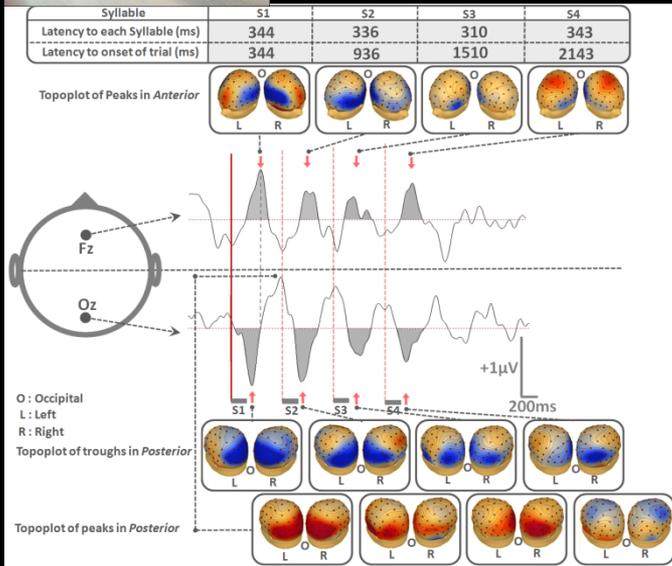
Relation structure/fonction



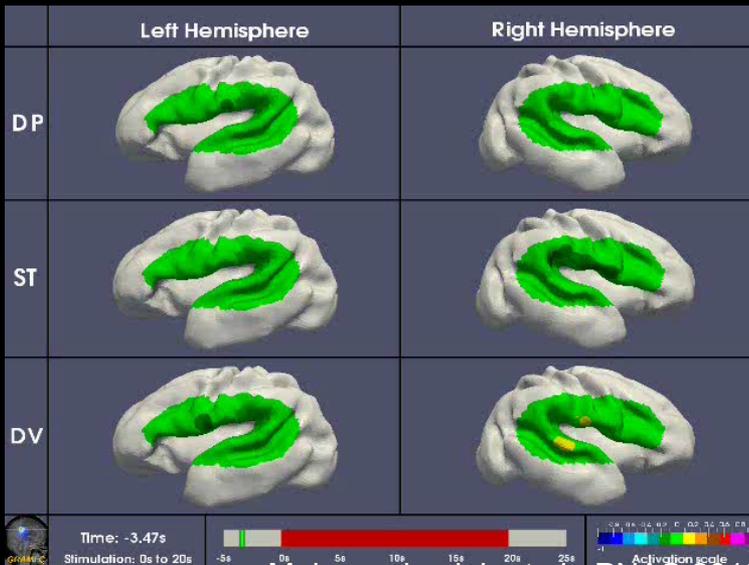
EEGHR



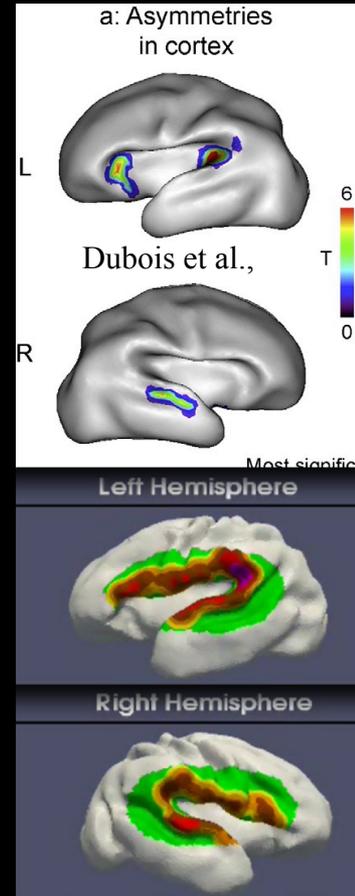
NIRS HD



Mahmoudzadeh et al., Cerebral Cortex 2016



Mahmoudzadeh et al., PNAS 2013

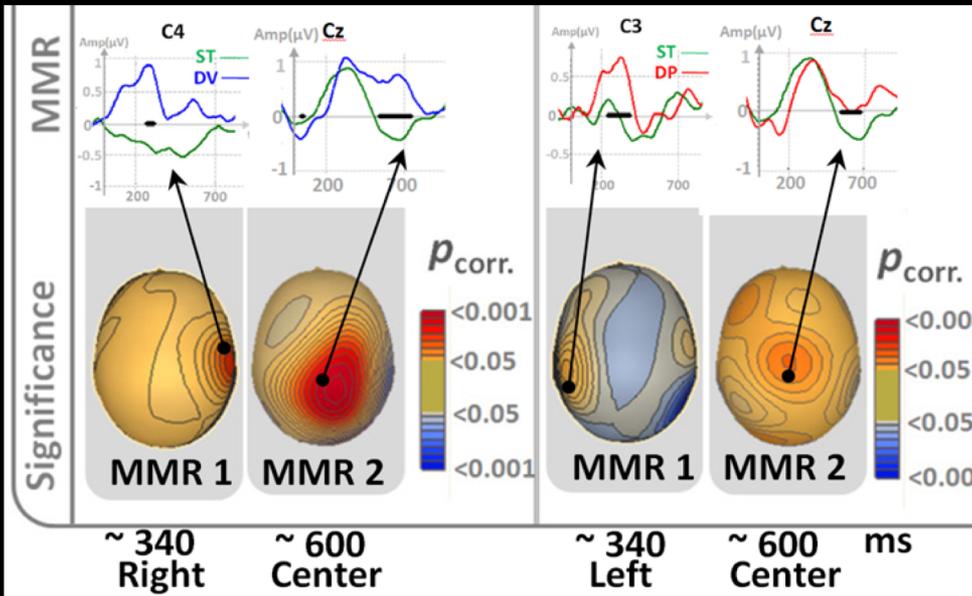


Results:

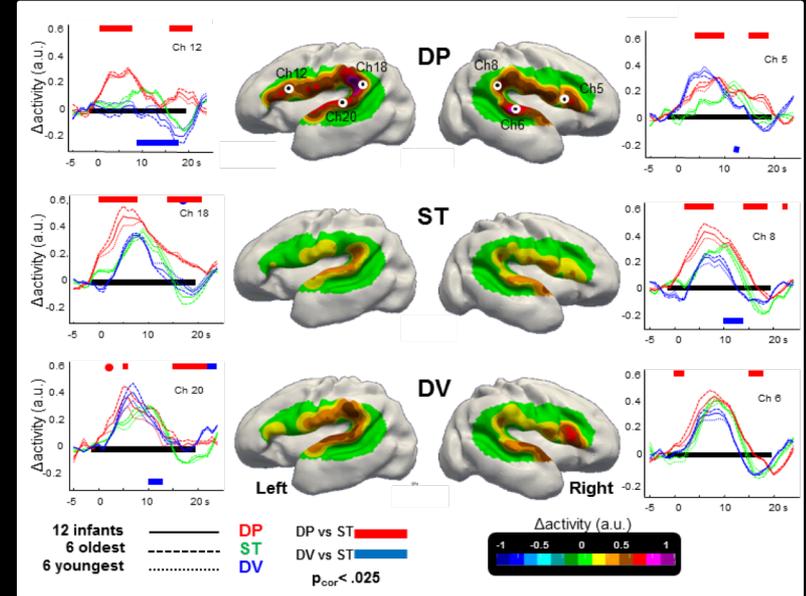
HR EEG provides mostly temporal informations
HD NIRS provides mostly spatial informations

C – ElectrOptical approach in Neurodevelopment

HR EEG Mismatch (msec)



HD NIRS Discrimination (100 msec)



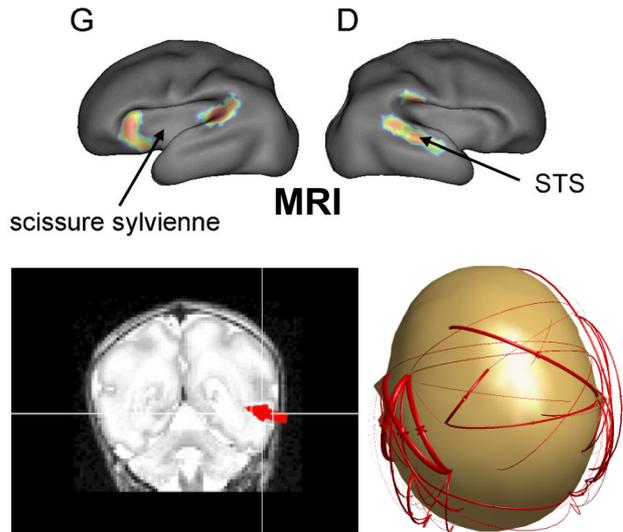
HR EEG provides temporal information about the strategy of the neuronal networks (Habituation Mismatch) and to a lesser extent spatial informations of at least the laterality of the Mismatch in temporal structure. Limitation: Volume conduction effect of the EEG

HD Nirs provides spatial informations about the perisylvian structures involved but also the relative timing of activation of these structures. Limitation: Hundreds of milliseconds in NIRS

Both technics show that the premature at 28 wGA is able to discriminate between phonemes and voices in structures similar to those involved in adults

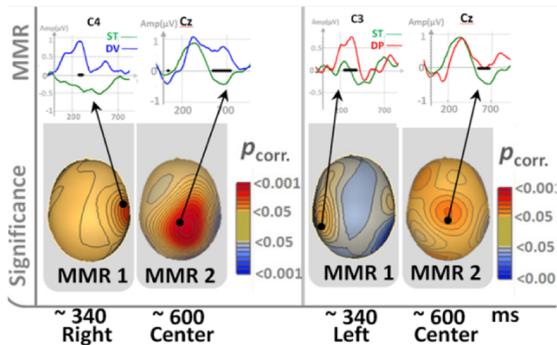
Congruency of information = Body of evidence

d: Asymétries inter-hémisphériques précoces

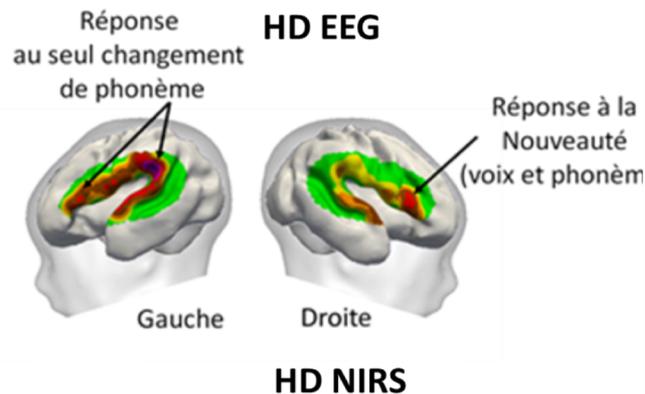


Anatomical substrate
Anatomical assymetry
 (Dubois et al., 2012)

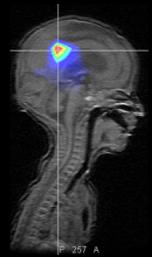
Endogenous generators
and
Functional connectivity
Network wiring
 (Routier et al, In revision HBM)
 Adebimpe et al., submitted)



Habituation
and
Mismatch
Cellular network strategies
 (Mahmoudzadeh et al., Cer. Cort, 2016)



Disrimination in
specific areas
Pre functional wiring
 (Mahmoudzadeh et al., PNAS 2013)

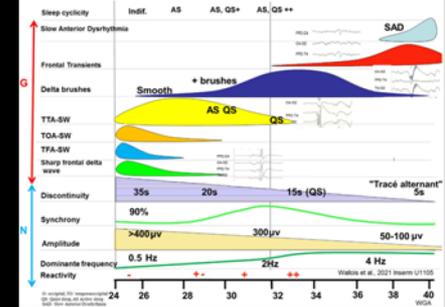
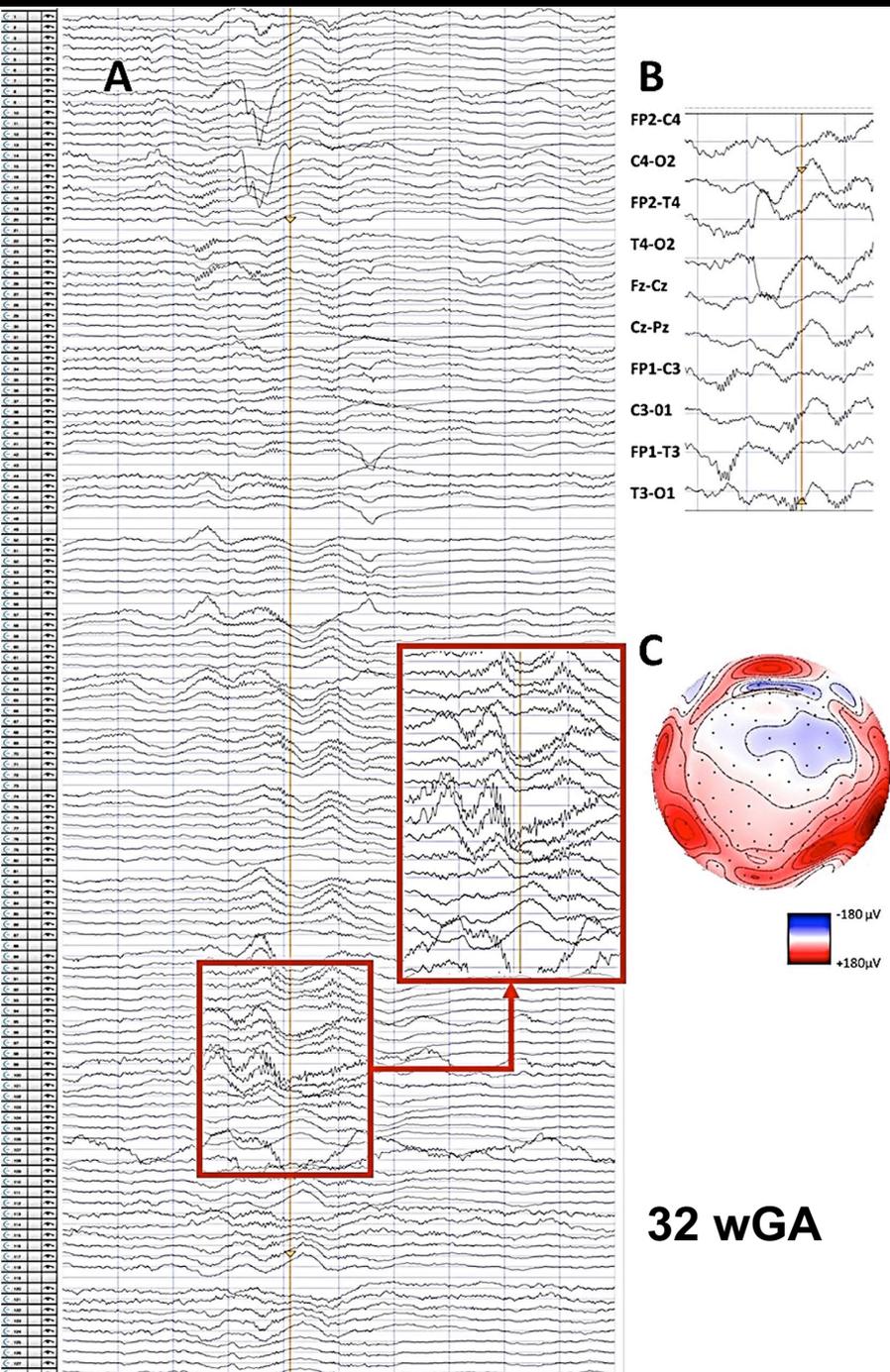


At the onset of
 thalamocortical
 connection
 (28wGA)

Before learning

Genetic fingerprint

Not so Immature

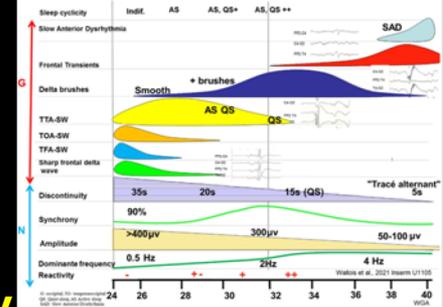


Delta brushes

- 1- The disappearance of spontaneous endogenous activity
- 2- The optimisation of the connections with the external world

Delta brushes

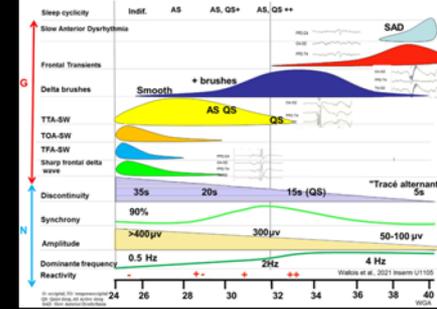
- 1- The disappearance of spontaneous endogenous activity
- 2- The optimisation of the connections with the external world
- 3- The wide wiring of the brain



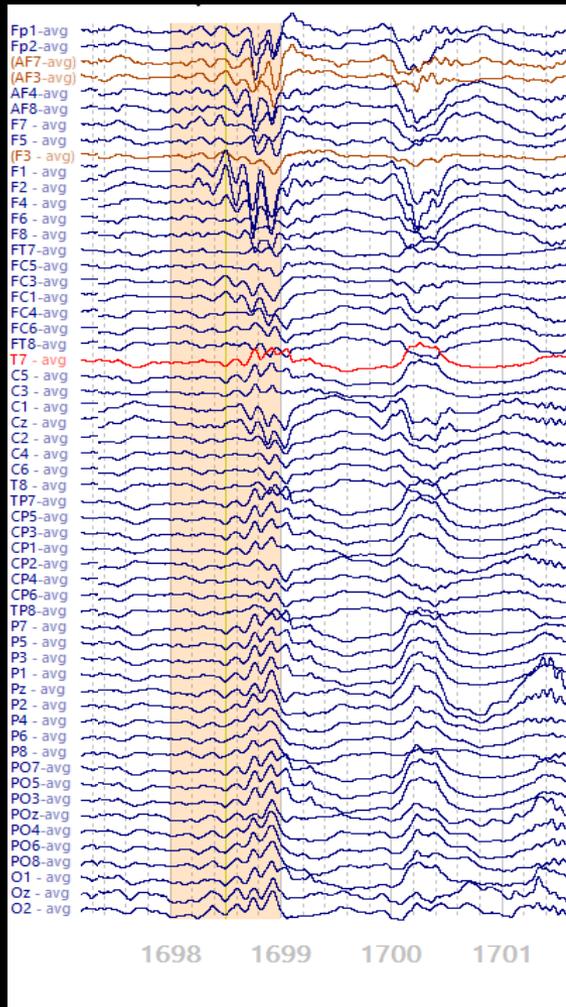
Wallois et al., 2021

32 wGA

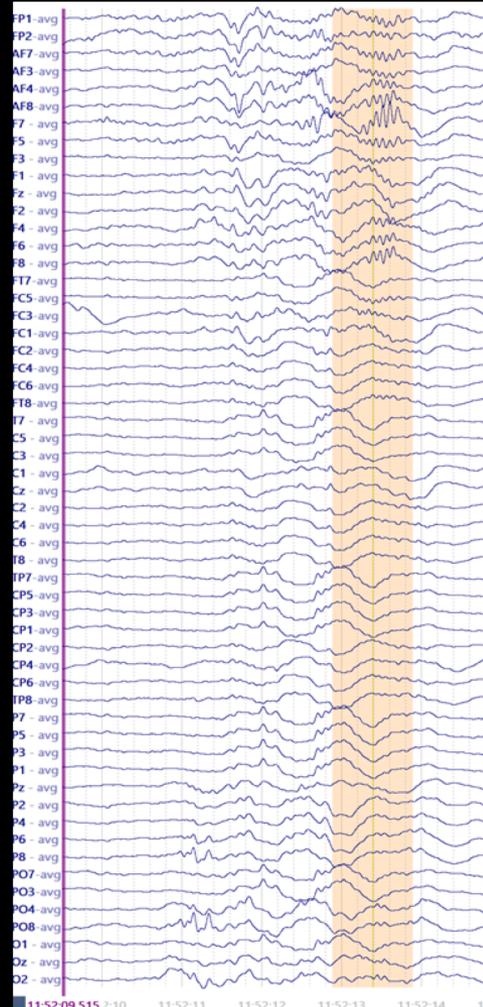
Functional electrical maturation of the frontal lobe during development



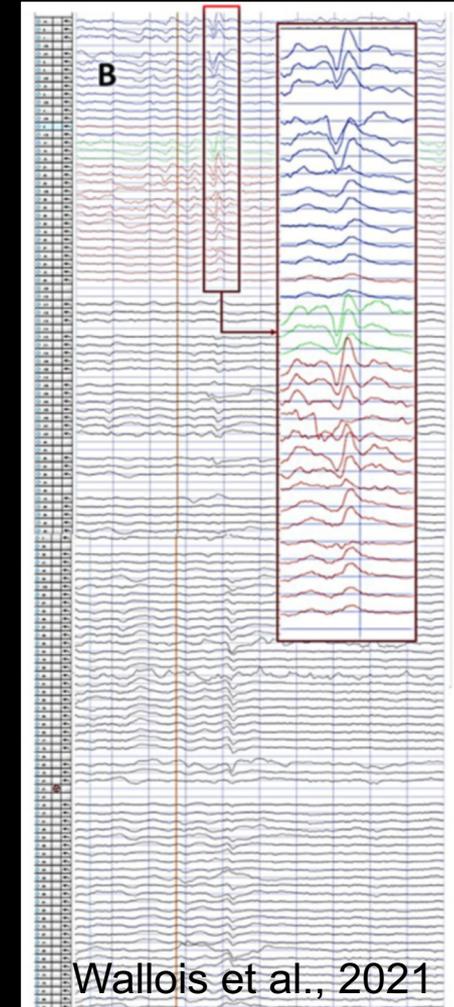
27 wGA



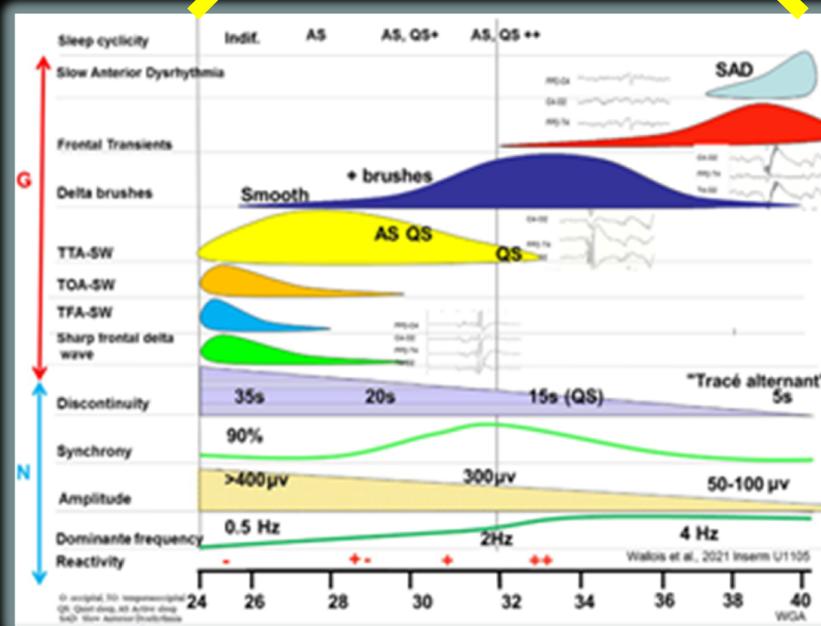
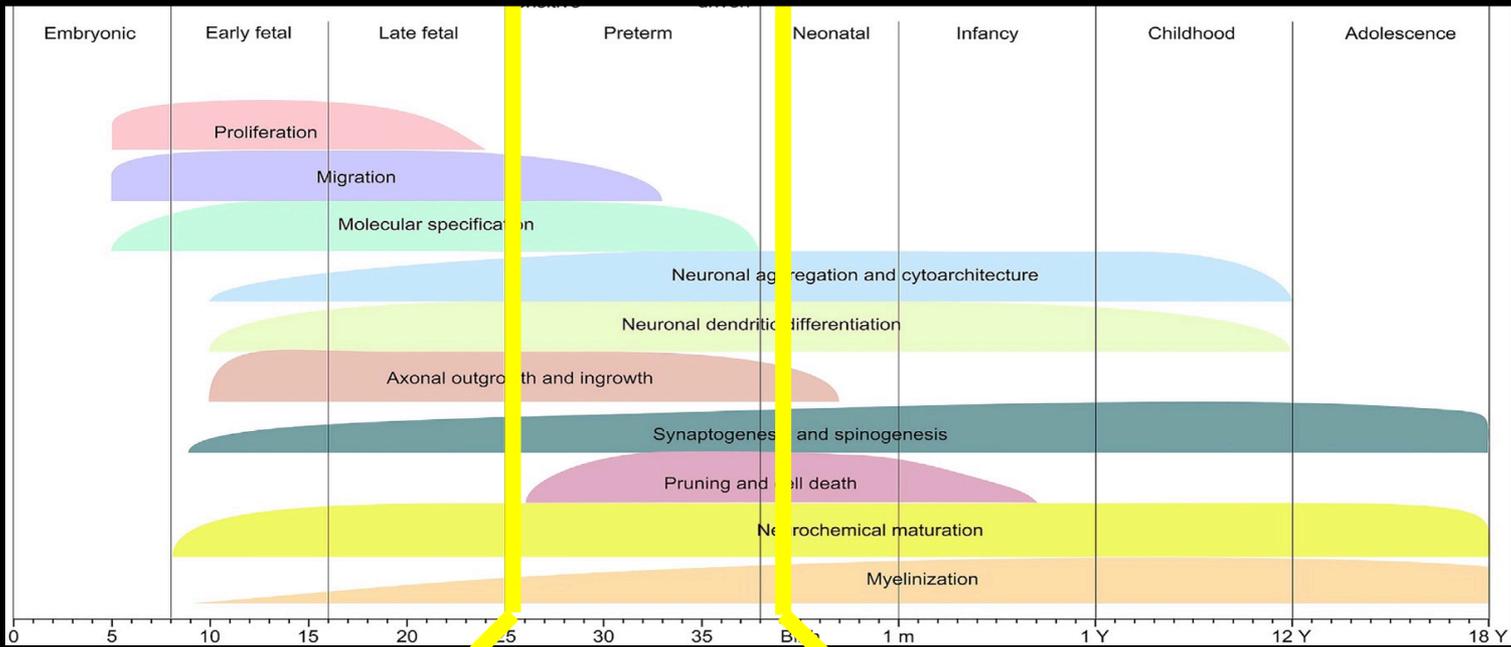
32 wGA



40 wGA

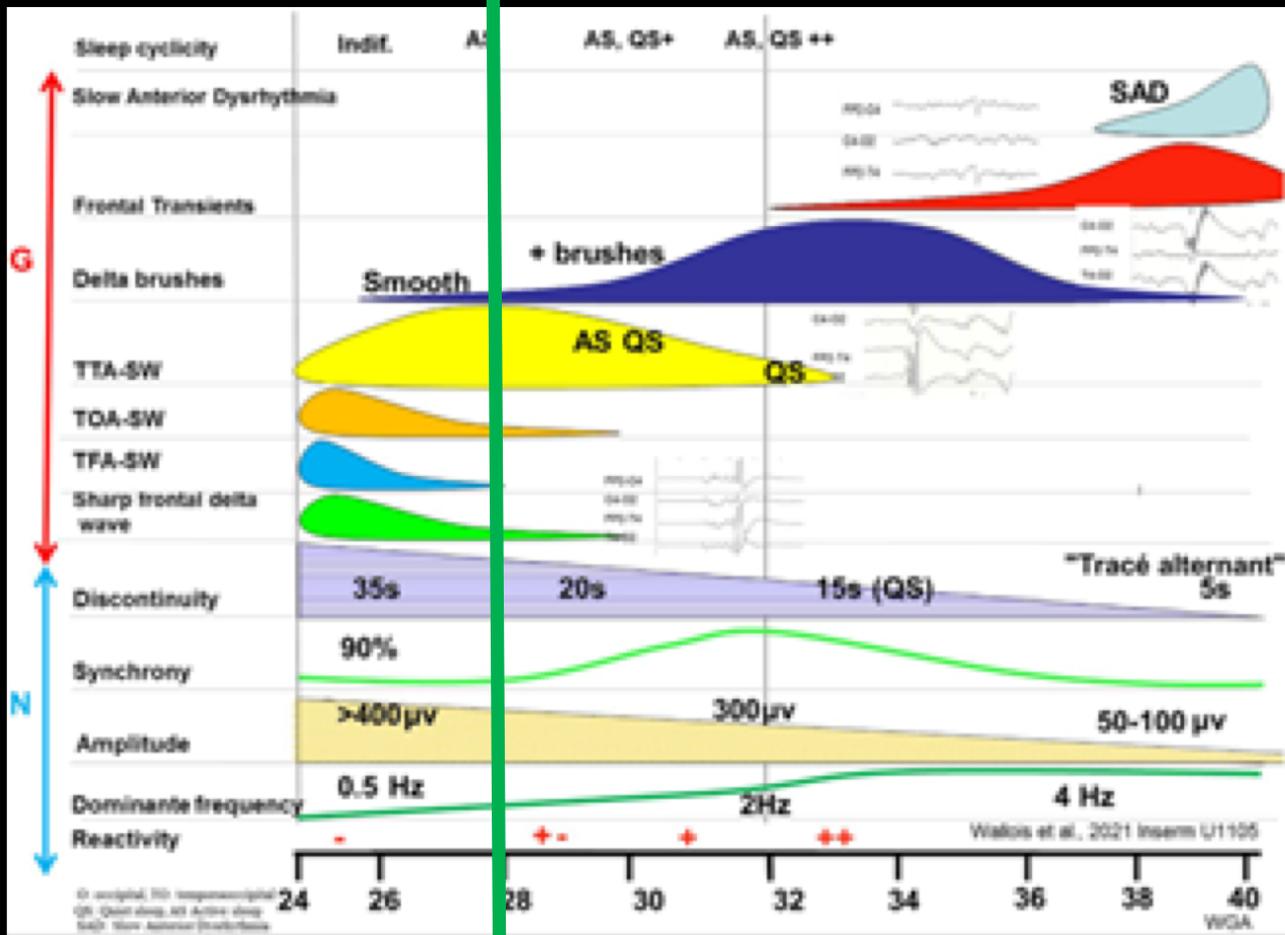


Wallois et al., 2021



Structure and Function

Conclusion



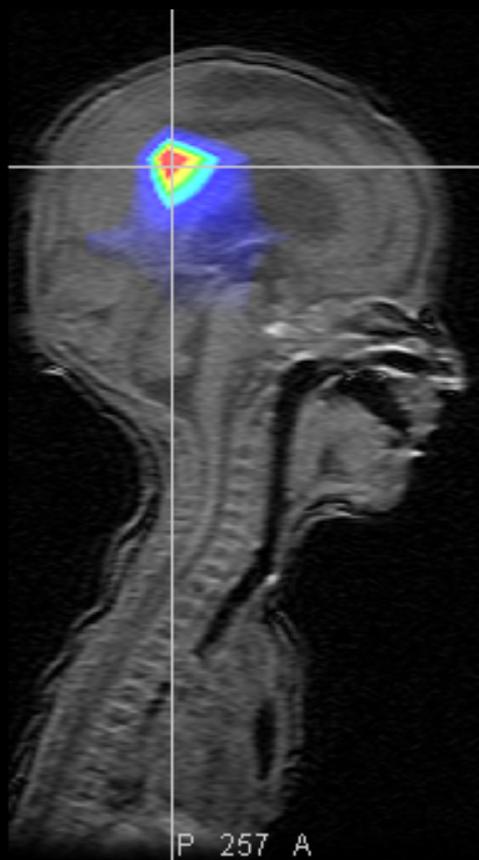
Endogenous non sensory driven
 Experience free
 Sensory free

Coexistence of transient and permanent circuitry
 Experience expectant
 Sensory sensitive
 Sensory driven

What's about consciousness ?

Nature and Nuture ? Consciousness ?





FUNCTIONAL IMAGING OF THE HUMAN BRAIN IN EARLY INFANCY

ANR Maia

Merci beaucoup